The Largest Circulation of any Foreign Daily in the Far East

THE CHINA PRESS

大陸報

A Live Newspaper Devoted to Progress in China

No. 1618 VOL. V. Registered at the Chinese P.O. for transmission "with special marks privileges in China" 四十一月十年五國民 SHANGHAI, FRIDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1916 明治四十四年九月十九日第三種郵便物認可 10 CENTS

MR. LL. GEORGE TO FORM A MINISTRY AS LAW DECLINES

Unionist Leader Says He Is Unable to Undertake Task of Premier

CONFER WITH KING

Idea is National Cabinet, Irrespective of Party; Bonar Law Helping

ASQUITH COERCED

Opposition Ministers Said They would Resign If Government Didn't

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, December 6.—The Westminster Gazette states that Mr. A. Bonar Law has declined to form a Cabinet, finding himself unable to undertake the task of the Premiership.

Mr. Bonar Law's refusal is confirmed.

The King has asked Mr. Lloyd George to form a Government and he has consented. He will endeavor to form a National Ministry, irrespective of party.

Reuter's Agency is authoritatively informed that Mr. Lloyd George is forming a Government, with the cooperation of Mr. A. Bonar Law.

King Holds Conference

The King summoned a meeting of the Ministers at Buckingham Palace this afternoon.

All the Ministers attended, but only Mr. Asquith, Mr. Lloyd George, Mr. A. J. Balfour, Mr. A. Bonar Law and Mr. Arthur Henderson were present at a conference presided over by the King, which lasted for upwards of an hour and a half. Nothing definite has transpired.

Lord Derby, in a speech today, declared that, especially as regards man-power, the Government had not a serious grip of the position. He indicated that the proposal made by Mr. Lloyd George was a small War Committee, sitting daily, with full powers. When Mr. Asquith was unable to preside, Mr. Lloyd George was to preside, Mr. Asquith having the right of veto.

An official message says: The proceedings in the House of Commons on Thursday will be purely formal. The House will then adjourn to Monday.

Unionist Ultimatum

Earlier messages stated: There were many conferences between Ministers, yesterday, prior to the announcement of the resignations. Mr. A. Bonar Law conferred with his Unionist colleagues, of whom Earl Curzon acted as messenger to a conference between Mr. Asquith and the Liberal Ministers.

It is stated that the Unionists, in view of Mr. Lloyd George's resignation, told Mr. Asquith that they would resign unless the Government did so. It is generally assumed that the new Government will be predominantly Unionist, though Mr. Bonar Law will attempt to keep the Coalition in existence. Mr. Herbert Samuel and Mr. E. S. Montagu are the only Liberals mentioned as likely to join. The Daily News, indeed, declares that the new Government will contain no Liberal members except Mr. Lloyd George, though the Liberals will support it patriotically.

The papers agree that, whoever is the new Premier, he will find it difficult to command a majority in the House of Commons, not merely because of Mr. Asquith's hold on the latter, but also because of the acute antagonism of the Labor Party to Mr. Lloyd George.

Don't Favor Election

The Unionist papers are confident that, in the event of an Election, the new National Government will secure a great victory, but the general feeling is that an election is not to be thought of during the war. Moreover, most of the electorate are fighting, while the women are without votes.

The Daily Chronicle states that, should Mr. Bonar Law decline to form a Government, the King might summon Mr. Lloyd George, who

(Continued on Page 2)

Archangel Explosion Is Traced to the U.S.; Complaint by Attache

Bombs Concealed in Cargo Of Vessel; Brooklyn Junk-Dealer Is Arrested

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

New York, December 5.—The Russian Commercial Attache has complained to the police that the recent explosion at Archangel was due to bombs concealed in the cargo of one of the vessels before it sailed. A junk-dealer at Brooklyn has been arrested as the result of the complaint.

ALLIED TROOPS TRAPPED WHEN OCCUPYING ATHENS

Surrounded By 25,000 Greeks, Maxim Suddenly Opens Fire As Parley Proceeding

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, December 5.—Telegrams from Athens show that the Allied troops walked into a trap on the 1st. When they marched to the positions which they had previously notified the Greeks they would occupy, they found themselves surrounded by 25,000 Greeks before a shot had been fired.

A parley was in progress when a Greek machine-gun suddenly opened fire on the southern side. The fighting spread to the eastern quarter, where the Greeks opened fire with machine-guns at Zappeion building from the Palace Gardens while Admiral Fournet and his officers were standing on the steps.

250 British marines, re-inforced by 150 Frenchmen, have been quartered at Zappeion for a month past. The surrender or annihilation of the Zappeion garrison after the conclusion of the armistice was prevented by a French battleship very accurately dropping a few shells close to the Palace. The British casualties were eight men killed and 40 wounded.

French Cut Way Through

Previously, a hundred French marines in the south of the city, refusing to surrender, cut their way through with the bayonet. Only thirty reached the sea-shore.

The British Minister at Athens telegraphs that the city is quiet, but energetic steps have been taken to ensure the safety of British subjects.

Since the armistice, the Greeks have resumed control of the Posts, Telegraphs and Railways. Thousands of Venizelists were imprisoned during Saturday's reign of terror.

The Foreign Office states that press messages from Greece are misleading, inasmuch as the Royalists have regained control of the cable and press censorships and Allied press correspondents in Athens are threatened with personal violence, in a similar manner to the threats made against all others suspected of Venizelist leanings. There is reason to believe that the Royalist forces and the mob have been guilty of very grave acts of violence.

Royalists Patrol Streets

Paris, December 6.—The French colony in Athens has gone to the Piraeus. The arrests of Venizelists continue. The Liberal newspapers do not appear. Strong bodies of Royalists are establishing cordons in the streets.

The Allied Ministers are not communicating with the Cabinet. The authorities are encouraging an anti-Venizelist movement in several provincial towns.

Russia and Persia Cement Friendship

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Petrograd, December 4.—Grand Duke Boris presented the Shah with a silver vase from the Emperor of Russia at luncheon. The Shah and the Grand Duke have exchanged assurances of the consolidation of the friendship existing between Persia and Russia. The Grand Duke was enthusiastically received by the inhabitants of Teheran.

HANS RICHTER DEAD

Reuter's Service.

Amsterdam, December 6.—A message from Bayreuth states that Dr. Hans Richter, M.V.O., the musician, has died.

U. S. STEAMER SUNK WITHOUT WARNING; CREW BOMBARDED

Submarines Attack Sailors Of John Lambert When Entering Boats

ANOTHER BREACH?

s.s. City of Birmingham Also Torpedoed; No Previous Caution Given

SURVIVORS' PERIL

Their Boat Smashed, Left Struggling in Water For Two Hours

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

New York, December 6.—Submarines, on November 22, shelled and sank the American steamer John Lambert (1,550 tons; Great Lake & St. Lawrence Transportation Co., Duluth), without warning. The shelling continued while the crew were boarding their boats.

Alexandria, December 5.—The Ellerman Line s.s. City of Birmingham was torpedoed without warning in the Mediterranean and sank in twenty minutes. Her largest boat was smashed up and numbers of the passengers struggled in the water for two hours before they were rescued.

London, December 6.—The British steamer Palacine (3,286 tons), the Russian steamer Pallas (1,202 tons) and the Norwegian steamer Draupner (1,126 tons) have been sunk.

SON OF NICHOLAS TSU IS HONORED BY FRENCH

One Feat Was to Attack Three German Aeroplanes, in Order To Save Comrade

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, December 6.—The Chinese volunteer, Stephen Tsu, the son of Mr. Nicholas Tsu of Shanghai, has been mentioned in General Orders, as follows:

"On July 10, Stephen Tsu defeated an enemy aeroplane, which fell inside the German lines. On August 24, he attacked three German machines, which were threatening one of his comrades, put them to flight and compelled one to come down."

Twenty-Six Women Workers Are Killed In British Arsenal

30 Others Injured By Explosion At National Works; Damage Is Slight

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, December 6.—Official.—In an explosion in a national factory in the North of England, last night, twenty-six women workers were killed and thirty injured. The damage done was slight.

BRITISH CUTTING DOWN FACILITIES FOR COALING

Reserved for Allies And Neutrals Employing Vessels In Entente's Interest

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Washington, December 6.—The British Embassy notifies that, owing to the scarcity of tonnage, coaling facilities at British ports and coaling stations abroad are reserved for British and Allied vessels and neutrals who have undertaken to employ their ships for the benefit of British and Allied interests.

Dressing Station At Front Ready For Flow of Wounded

This photograph shows a trench dressing station on the Western front, all ready and waiting for the expected flow of wounded soldiers. All wounded who can walk or be carried are first removed to one of these so-called "advanced dressing stations." Here their injuries are cared for, and if they are able, the men are sent back to their units or are transferred to a field hospital in the rear to be later sent to a base hospital. These dressing stations usually are right in the midst of the battle and have to be bulwarked like a trench to protect the occupants from flying bullets and shrapnel.

$27,000,000,000 IN GOLD HELD IN UNITED STATES

Treasury Tells of Increasing Prosperity; $367,000,000 For Defences Next Year

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Washington, December 6.—The report of the Secretary of the Treasury says that the wave of prosperity in the United States has grown in strength and volume. America has been transformed from a debtor to a creditor nation.

The stock of gold on November 1 in the United States was estimated at $27,000,000,000.

The expenditure on the army and navy next year will be largely increased and will amount to G.$170,000,000 and G.$197,000,000 respectively.

CUSTOMS OPIUM BONFIRE

We are informed that the burning of the large quantity of opium—some 150 piculs—seized by the Customs in 1915 and the early part of this year will commence today at Pootung Point where a special destructor has been erected for the purpose. The operations will be attended by representatives of the Shui-wu Ch'u, the Governor of the province and local officials, as well as by Customs officials. Representatives of the press also will be present.

Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE

For Japan:—

Per R.V.F. s.s. Penza.... Dec. 8
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Hakuai M. Dec. 9
Per M.M. s.s. Athos ..... Dec. 12
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Y'shiro M. Dec. 12
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kasuga M. Dec. 14

For U.S., Canada, and Europe:—

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Tsushima M. Dec. 10
Per P.M. s.s. Venezuela.. Dec. 12
Per T.K.K. s.s. Siberia M. Dec. 16
Per N.Y.K. s.s Tamba M. Dec. 21

For Europe:—

Per P. & O. s.s. Nankin Dec. 11
Per M.M. s.s. Amazone Dec. 14
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kamo M. Dec. 24
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kashima M. Dec. 31

Mails to Arrive:—

The American mail is due here on or about tomorrow.

The French mail of October 29 is due at Hongkong on Dec. 8, and here on Dec. 11. Left Haiphong on Dec. 6, per M.M. s.s. Athos.

The French mail of November 12 is due at Hongkong on December 19, and here on Saturday, December 23. Left Colombo on December 3, per M.M. s.s. Armand Behic.

The French mail of November 29 is due at Hongkong on January 4, and here on January 8. Left Marseilles on November 29, per M.M. s.s. Porthos.

Congress to Devote Energies to Passing Wilson's Proposals

Limited Social Legislation Includes Suggested Embargo On Food-Stuffs

Reuter's Service

Washington, December 5.—Congress has opened. The leaders of the administration have announced that they will concentrate their energies on passing President Wilson's railroad measures, the Budget and Bills for a limited program of social legislation. Four bills relating to the dearness of living have been introduced, including a proposed embargo on food-stuffs.

SOKOL IS THREATENED BY SERVIANS' SUCCESS

Capture of Grunishte Strategically Important; May Free All Moglen

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, December 6.—Reuter's correspondent at Servian headquarters states that the latest Servian success is an important one. They captured a whole series of strongly fortified positions, including the summit of Grunishte, which is of great strategic importance, for it threatens Sokol. If the latter falls, the entire Moglen region will be freed from the enemy.

A Servian official communique reports: There have been violent artillery and infantry actions on the whole front. We carried the strongly fortified and tenaciously defended heights north-east of Budimirci. A fairly large number of prisoners and booty were captured.

Cardinal Takes Note From Kaiser To Pope

Ex-Papal Nuncio At Munich Subsequently Has Hour's Audience At Vatican

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Rome, December 6.—Cardinal Fouhwirth, late Papal Nuncio at Munich, had an hour's audience with the Pope, yesterday. It is understood that he brought a message from the Kaiser.

The Weather

Cloudy and colder weather, with squalls. The maximum temperature recorded yesterday was 61.5 and the minimum 45.0.

DUTCH SENTENCE SPIES WORKING FOR GERMANY

Gave Information of Ships With Cargoes of Food-Stuffs Destined For England

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Amsterdam, December 6.—A Dutchman and a German have been sentenced to fifteen months and six months imprisonment, respectively, for espionage for Germany in respect to ships carrying food-stuffs to England.

Government Control Will Extend To All British Coal Mines

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, December 5.—The Daily Chronicle states that Government control is to be extended to the whole of the mines in Great Britain.

U. S. CONSUL C. E. GAUSS IS ENGAGED TO MARRY

Home papers announce the engagement of Miss Rebecca Louise Barker, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Barker, of Redlands and Los Angeles, California, to Mr. Clarence Edward Gauss, American Consul at Amoy, China. Miss Barker is the daughter of a prominent California family, is a graduate of Vassar, and well known in social circles and college women's activities in Redlands. Mr. Gauss is very well known and popular in the Far East, especially in Shanghai, where he served as acting Consul General during Consul General Sammons' trip home and as consul at other times.

Successful German Raid in Mozambique

Newala Besieged for Twelve Days, When Garrison Effects Escape

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Lisbon, December 6.—In the Chamber, today, the Premier announced that 2,000 Germans and Askaris (native troops), with guns of various calibers, recently attacked Newala, near the Mozambique frontier. After a twelve hours' battle and a siege lasting for twelve days, the garrison succeeded in retiring during the night on November 28.

DR. WU'S DECORATION

By a Tuesday's mandate, Dr. Wu Ting-fang is granted the Grand Cordon of the 1st Class Order of Chiaho.

BUKHAREST TAKEN, GERMAN OFFICIAL MESSAGE STATES

Rush Sinaia, Clearing Last Of Defenders From River Argesul

6,000 PRISONERS

Secure Large Stores of Cereals Which Had Been Bought by British

PLOESTI CAPTURED

Austrians Seize Railroad Junction near Capital; Russians gain Ground

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, December 6.—A Berlin official communique announces that Bukharest has been captured.

Another German official communique reports: We have captured Sinaia, 37 miles north-west of Ploesti. We cleared the Rumanians out from the south bank of the River Argesul and we are now advancing on Bukharest.

The communique claims that the Germans captured 1,600 men and four guns in a fight on the River Alt with the Orsova rear-guard, whose way was blocked on the east bank of the river and also captured 4,400 other Rumanians. It says: "We captured considerable stores of wheat, which had been bought by Great Britain, on the railway north-west of Bukharest."

It admits a Russian success in Trotusal Valley.

Austrians Capture Ploesti

An Austrian official communique states that the important railway junction of Ploesti, north of Bukharest, has been captured.

It says that a counter-attack delivered by the Austro-German forces in the Carpathians deprived the Russians of all their recent local gains. Russian attacks on the Moldavian frontier were repulsed, with heavy losses.

The capture of Tirgovistea brings the Germans to the outskirts of the oil-fields.

Petrograd, December 6.—An official communique reports: The enemy have been successful in the direction of Tirgovistea and Ploesti and in the region of Dokaneste on the Titu-Bukharest railway, where the Rumanians were compelled to retire, in consequence of the piercing of their front. The attacks of the enemy on other sectors were beaten back.

Germans Link up With Other Armies in Rumania

(Ostasiatische Lloyd War Service)

Official German telegram.—Headquarters, December 4.—December 3 brought a decision in the battle on the Arges river. The battle has been won by us. The operations of the army of General von Falkenhayn, which began in the middle of November, with the victorious battle of Tergu Jiu and those of the German, Bulgarian and Turkish forces which had gained the northern bank of the Danube, were crowned with success.

The Danube army fighting under the command of General Koech, advancing from Svistov and the army group of Lieutenant-General Kuehne, advancing through Western Wallachia, from Craiova and the group of Lieutenant-General Krafft von Delmensingen, coming from the mountains along the Arges river, after hard fighting, broke ahead under the command of Lieutenant-General von Morgen, via Kimpolung and have now joined hands between the Danube and the mountains. The left wing yesterday captured Tirgovistea.

The troops of Lieutenant-General Krafft von Delmensingen continued their victorious march from Piteschi, completely defeated the 1st Rumanian army and drove the remainder beyond Titu, which is the junction of the railways from Bukharest, to Kimpolung and Piteschi, into the arms of the often tested 41st infantry division, under the command of Lieutenant-General Schmidt von Knobelsdorf. On the eastern bank of the Arges river and north-west and west of Bukharest, the fighting continues and progresses successfully.

Upset Rumanian Plan

South-west of the fortress, the Rumanians were repulsed beyond the Neilov towards the Arges river.

According to an order, which has been found, they intended to defeat the Danube army separately, while the Rumanian northern wing, the 1st Army, resisted. South of Bukharest, strong Rumanian and Russian attacks had to be repulsed. Also here, a severe defeat was inflicted upon the enemy.

Cavalry and aviators succeeded in interrupting the railways behind the Rumanian army. The conduct of our troops in the various engagements was beyond praise; they showed a wonderful marching capacity. The rich country and the captured provision carts, filled with victuals, facilitated the victualling of the troops.

The Rumanian army suffered the heaviest sanguinary losses. To the thousands of prisoners taken during the preceding day, more than 8,000 were added yesterday. The booty of all kinds is incalculable. The Danube army captured 35 guns and, near Titu, 13 locomotives, while much rolling stock fell into our hands. The operations continue as planned.

Bulgars' March Uninterrupted

Official Bulgarian telegram.—Bulgarian headquarters, December 2.—In Wallachia, the advance continues victoriously and without interruption. On November 24 our divisions crossed the Danube, near Zimnicea and advanced rapidly in the direction of Bukharest, everywhere breaking the desperate resistance of the enemy, on whom great losses were inflicted.

On November 27, Giurgiu was occupied, after heavy fighting and, on the 30th, we crossed the line Comane-Branislar, which is about twenty kilometers distant from the fortress-ring of Bukharest. The stubborn resistance of the enemy was vanquished.

Two heavy guns, 14 field guns, seven small guns and five machine-guns were captured, while four officers and 200 men were made prisoners by us. The enemy left numerous dead and wounded on the battlefield.

In the Dobrudja, the fourth Siberian corps, composed of the 2nd and 10th infantry divisions, with about 15 batteries, after a long artillery preparation, attacked our left wing between the village of Satiskoje and the Danube. This attack was assisted by batteries on the left bank of the Danube. Furious fighting took place.

Two "tanks," in the midst of the turmoil of the battle, approached our trenches. Regiments of the Preslav divisions counter-attacked and repulsed the enemy. They conquered the "tanks," with four machine-guns, two officers and 25 men. The enemy withdrew to their original position.

Mr. Ll. George To Form A Ministry

(Continued from Page 1)

would doubtless endeavor to form a composite Government and attempt to secure Nationalist support. Should neither succeed, the King will probably invite Mr. Asquith to reconstitute the Coalition Government. It says that there were speculations yesterday that the King might call the party leaders and invite them to adjust their differences.

The Daily Telegraph recognises that much depends on the attitude of Mr. Asquith and is convinced that, with his high sense of duty, he will not refuse a subordinate position in the new Government.

Grey Certain to Retire

The Times states that Viscount Grey is certain to retire with Mr. Asquith, while Mr. Reginald McKenna, Mr. Walter Runciman, Mr. L. Harcourt and the Marquis of Crewe will only serve Mr. Asquith and it is unlikely that Mr. A. J. Balfour and Lord Lansdowne will again assume office. The Labor element is very uncertain.

The country, it says, will generally regard Mr. Lloyd George as the most probable successor to Mr. Asquith and the most likely combination at present is Mr. Lloyd George, Mr. A. Bonar Law and Sir Edward Carson. The time has come to return to the old English system of small Cabinets.

The Parliamentary situation is extraordinary. The Treasury Bench will be empty for the first time in modern history when the House of Commons re-assembles tomorrow.

The Daily Chronicle states that there have been discussions for some time between Mr. Lloyd George, Sir Edward Carson and the leaders of the Irish Party, with a view to the settlement of the Irish question, based on Sir Edward Carson's proposals for the establishment of a Home Rule Parliament for the whole of Ireland, the Protestants receiving proportional representation and Ulster being included for three years. Sir Edward Carson imposes as a condition that the Nationalists shall agree to conscription in Ireland. In the event of a settlement, some of the Nationalists would join a Lloyd-George Government, in which Sir Edward Carson would be a leading member.

Sir Edward Carson has sent a message to Belfast that the proposals attributed to him for the settlement of the Irish question are without foundation.

Labor Supports Asquith

Mr. G. J. Wardle, Labor M.P. for Stockport and chairman of the Labor Party, interviewed, declared that the whole party unreservedly supported Mr. Asquith. Laborites generally were of opinion that the crisis ought not to have arisen.

They were quite prepared to see a smaller War Council, but they did not think that this should be accomplished by the means which had been adopted. They recognised that Mr. Lloyd George was a great driving force, but felt that, in a crisis of this kind, the proposal to overthrow the Premier was not a proper policy and not one which could be supported.

MAKE MORE CHANGES IN BRITISH ADMIRALTY

Admiral Burney, Capt. Halsey Become Sea Lords; Supervise Personnel And Transport

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, December 6.—The Gazette announces that Admiral Sir Cecil Burney has been appointed Second Sea Lord and Captain Lionel Halsey Fourth Sea Lord.

These new appointments are regarded as signifying radical changes. Admiral Burney has long been Second-in-Command of the Grand Fleet. He will deal with personnel.

Captain Lionel Halsey fought at Ladysmith, commanded the battle-cruiser New Zealand during her cruise round the Empire in 1913 and has been Captain of the Fleet. He will supervise the transport service.

Admiral Sir Henry Jackson has received the Grand Cross of the Order of the Bath.

ENGLISH PAPERS DEARER

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, December 5.—English newspaper proprietors have decided to increase the price of newspapers by a half-penny. The alteration does not affect morning papers for three months.

Many Attend First Lecture By M. Fredet On French Language

M. Jean Fredet, formerly editor of L'Echo de Chine and who is now Secretary of the French Chamber of Commerce, last night delivered the first of a series of lectures which he is to give to the members of the Alliance Francaise at the hall of the National Association for the Propagation of the French Language.

There was a large attendance of Frenchmen, Allies, and neutrals who enjoyed a most interesting discourse. M. Fredet opened by saying that the education afforded by literature was as essential to intellectual development as was the hunting after golf balls or the chasing over hurdles, or any man's own particular sport, necessary for the good of his body. Not only was literature of practical usefulness but to those who were earnest students it was a glorious and beloved hobby and recreation.

Before the war, France, known and recognised as one of the most gifted of nations intellectually by all the world, was nevertheless spoken of as "a decadent race." The two years of war which the French had gone through, with so many hard knocks and with so much eclat had proved how utterly wrong was that estimate and how the intellectually brilliant man was as good a man with the rifle or bayonet as his less gifted brother.

M. Fredet, who was cordially thanked for an inspiring address, also gave an outline of his future lectures, which will deal with the French language from the earliest period of the Renaissance.

Holland's Minister Of Finance Returns

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

The Hague, December 6.—The Minister of Finance has withdrawn his resignation.

Russian Condolences Sent To Austrians

(Ostasiatische Lloyd War Service)

The Deutsche Ueberseedienst reports: Berlin, December 2.—The Hungarian paper Pesti Naplo reports that, a few days after the death of the Emperor Francis Joseph, Russian troops in the Tartar Pass sector sent a letter of condolence to the Austro-Hungarian troops. The Austro-Hungarian troops accepted this peculiar message and forwarded it to the Chief Command.

INCREASE ITALY'S NAVY

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Rome, December 6.—In the Chamber, today, Signor Boselli said that the Italian navy was increasing. There were 2,200 factories manufacturing munitions of war in Italy.

Victory would assure Italy the command of the Adriatic and incontestable rights on the opposite shore, without overlooking the just demands of her Slav neighbors. He emphasised that the Allies have no intention of favoring "anti-dynastic movements in Greece."

Funchal Bombarded By U-Boat; 6 Killed

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Lisbon, December 6.—A submarine threw fifty shells into Funchal, Madeira, hit a boat and killed six Portuguese sailors. The submarine disappeared when subjected to a strong fire by our land batteries.

FRENCH HOLD HILL 304

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, December 6.—The official communique issued this evening reported: In the region of the Somme, there have been fairly active reciprocal artillery actions in the neighborhood of Bouchavesnes.

In the Champagne, our artillery dispersed an enemy detachment north-east of Fontaine en Dornois.

On the left of the Meuse, an enemy attack on the slopes of Hill 304, owing to our machine-gun fire, only gained a footing in some advanced elements of trenches.

To Reduce British Railroad Services

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, December 5.—Drastic curtailments of the railway services in Great Britain are expected.

BRITISH RAID TRENCHES

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, December 6.—General Sir Douglas Haig reported this morning: There has been intermittent shelling in the region of the Ancre.

General Haig reported this evening: We successfully raided the enemy's trenches south-eastward of Neuville St. Vaast. Raids attempted by the enemy, westward of Beaurains and north-eastward of Roclincourt, failed.

The enemy maintained a heavy artillery bombardment in the neighborhood of Faucourt l'Abbaye, Mouquet Farm and north of the Ancre.

"What is your Moral Worth?"

TALC

the powder of fairy fineness—soft, fragrant as a caress.

ASSORTED ODORS

Wistaria, Corylopsis, Lilac; also Borated, Baby Talc and Flesh Tint. Guaranteed Pure.

Talcum Puff Co., Mfrs.

Brooklyn, N. Y.

Connell Bros. Company.

Oriental Agents,

Shanghai,

Hongkong and

Manila P.I.

"1/2 WATT" Electric Lamps

Obtain

DOUBLE the light at the same cost or The same light at half the cost

By using

"ATMOS-DULA" ½ Watt lamps. Utmost economy effected with a light nearest to daylight—the mechanical strength is also a great factor in their high efficiency.

Obtainable from all Electrical Contractors or

The General Electric Co. (Of China), Ltd.

7 Jinkee Road. Telephones 1606 and 1608

In New York,

where now stand immensely tall buildings on land which is worth a huge sum per square foot, were once fields and trees.

In Shanghai,

where now are paddy fields and market gardens, will soon be seen houses and shops, godowns, factories and mills. And what will be the value of that land when it forms a part of this ever growing hive of industry and commerce?

Even if you have no intention of building, you cannot go wrong in buying land, but you should buy it NOW, while prices are still comparatively low.

YOUR CAPITAL IS SAFE

Our speciality is land for any purpose, in large or small lots, in any locality. Why not consult us?

CHINA REALTY CO., LTD.

39 Nanking Road

SPECIAL OFFER OWING TO HIGH EXCHANGE

PREMIER (Coventry made) MOTOR CYCLES

AT CLEARANCE PRICES:

Taels 290.00 Net Cash

Ready for the Road

Brief Specification:—3½ h. p., single cylinder, free engine, Bosch Magneto, DUNLOP Tyres.

ON SALE AT

DUNLOP RUBBER CO., LTD.

20 Kiukiang Road. Tel. 2348

Russia to Have Army Of 40 Million In 10 Years

Gen. Skugarevski Figures Out How War Then Would Cost $100,000,000 A Day; Sure His Country Could Finance It

By John L. Balderston

London, October 30.—Russia does not intend to be caught napping again. While the Allies in the west are talking about "the war that shall end war" and the millennium to be ushered in by the peace conference, the Bear That Walks Like a Man dreams of developing an army great enough to dwarf all the hosts now contending in Europe put together.

There has come under my notice a semi-official memorandum on the needs of the future Russian army, prepared in Petrograd by Gen. A. P. Skugarevski. His figures, soberly presented and all backed up by rows of other figures based on population, national wealth and experiences of the present war, are such as to stagger the imagination. If Russia fights again in ten years, Gen. Skugarevski's memorandum indicates that in his opinion her war strength will be approximately as follows:

300,000 officers.
25,000,000 to 30,000,000 infantry.
1,000,000 to 2,000,000 cavalry.
5,000,000 artillery.
1,000,000 sappers, electricians, technical experts of all kinds.
5,000,000 for duties in the rear, transport, railways, hospitals, etc.
100,000 cannon.
1,000,000 machine guns.
About 100,000 motor cars, armored cars for fighting; lorries and light cars.
About 50,000 aeroplanes.
1,000 dirigibles.

How much will a war fought on this scale cost? A hundred million dollars a day, Gen. Skugarevski says—three billions a month, thirty-six billions five hundred millions a year! And he declares Russia can find means, when her economic resources are developed, to finance such a war.

Feeding 40,000,000 Soldiers

The details of feeding forty million men are worked out in the memorandum. A hundred trains a day will be required to carry the bread for the armies, of which 40,000 tons will be consumed every twenty-four hours, allowing two pounds a day to each man. Tinned vegetables, meat and soup will occupy another hundred trains a day. If each man eats a pound of meat a day, twenty million cattle will be slaughtered for the army in a year. The General points out that the cattle breeding industry in his country must be seen to, for at the normal rate of increase there will be only 65,000,000 cattle in Russia in ten years, and a long war would exhaust the supply.

Before quoting some of Gen. Skugarevski's calculations about the next war it may be of interest to note that he sees clearly the horrible prospect for the human race which his vision of constantly greater wars opens out. He remarks: "If such a war should last more than a year, then no measures of 'man-breeding' whatsoever can save us from a reduction of population, from the ruin of entire countries, from literally unbearable taxes and duties." And he close his memorandum with the words: "Some measures will have to be adopted if humanity does not wish in the end to arrive at complete self-extermination."

Picture of the Next War

"Nobody can say for certain how the present world war will terminate," Gen. Skugarevski writes, "but at the present time it is possibly fairly accurate to imagine the picture of the next war after this. The smaller the success achieved in the present war by the Entente Powers the sooner will the next war occur. If Germany is not conclusively conquered, if Europe does not assure real guarantees against a recurrence of what William II, has done and is doing, a fresh war will inevitably take place in ten or twelve years. During the internal all states will increasing arm themselves.

"In the future war humanity must at last learn how to prepare for war. In the future struggles of nations all men capable of bearing arms will be taken into the ranks of the armies and for them everything will be ready in peace time. What kind of army will Russia then have to establish?

"In Obuchev's 'Military Statistical Annual,' Buniakovski's distribution of men and women according to age is cited. Although these figures are old, the relative distribution of ages has not changed, as the latest information of the 'Statistical Annual' for 1914 also shows. According to these figures it appears that out of the total population of Russia males from 20 to 45 years constitute 17.8 per cent. But the experience of the present war has shown that both younger men, from 17 to 19 (3 per cent), and older men, from 46 to 50 (4 per cent), are frequently called out for service. Consequently by fully exerting its strength a State can call up for war up to 25 per cent of its population. Excluding a fifth for sick and incapable, we may say that the armed strength of a State in a future war will constitute 20 per cent of the population of the country.

"In ten years the population of Russia will exceed 200,000,000, but in Germany it will not have reached 100,000,000. Consequently in Russia more than 40,000,000 men will be called out for war; in Germany fewer than 20,000,000.

Creation of an Immense Army

"The strength of an army is determined not alone by its numbers, but by the quality of its discipline, organisation, training and equipment, not to mention the ability of its leaders. The present war has only confirmed these old truths. I will not enter into details of organisation, which form too special a question. I will refer merely to a few figures.

"For an army of 40,000,000 no fewer than 300,000 officers will be required. To create a corps of educated officers, not hastily trained subalterns, out of volunteers along is wholly impossible. It will be necessary to introduce conscription for officers; all young men who have received even incomplete middle school education will be obliged to serve as officers. This is even now partly the rule, but not in a sufficiently drastic form.

"A large number of men are taken away from service with the colors by duties in the rear, where certain branches of male labor can be replaced by female labor—the manufacture of clothing, boots, many kinds of food, tinned provisions, bread, many mill products for the war department and so forth. Perhaps it will be necessary to introduce conscription for girls and childless widows, so that more men can be sent to the front.

"Of course, while personal military conscription is thus enforced, there will not be forgotten the interests of agriculture and factory industry indispensable for the support of economic life in the country and for providing resources to continue the war. The Germans, noticing that for the first year of the war the birth rate of the population had fallen, established special furloughs for married men with a view to checking this fall.

Enormous Supplies of Ammunition

"By the beginning of the war at least 50,000,000 gun projectiles must be ready and 5,000,000,000 rifle cartridges. Besides machine gun detachments each company of a regiment will have its portable machine guns on light stands. If there should be invented a substance which, when swiftly transformed into gas will not generate a great quantity of heat, instead of the present quick loading rifles self-loading ones will be introduced by the same process that is used in machine guns. At one time hopes were reposed in liquid air. And there may even be self-firing rifles, as projected by Wille.

"Aviation will receive special attention in the next war. It is clear that in ten to twenty years every State will reckon the number of its dirigibles in thousands, and the number of its aeroplanes in tens if not hundreds of thousands. Private aviation ought to be encouraged. For the systematic application of such aerial strength maneuvers will be introduced. Battles in the air between entire aerial flotillas will always be avoided; they represent material too precious to be risked in this manner; but the dropping of shells from above will be extensively practised.

"In time of peace Russia will have to maintain two and a half to three million troops, which will entail an expenditure of not less than $500,000,000 annually in the State budget. The rearming of the army with new rifles will also require not less than the same amount, while the introdution of new artillery may cause an outlay of several billion rubles. Payment of interest on the loans now floated will call for not less than $1,250,000,000 annually.

War Preparation Ministry

"Preparations for the future war will entail such an exertion of the economic and financial strength of the country, they will affect such a number of intricate questions concerning the activity of many, not to say all departments, that they will be beyond the power of any single Ministry. It will be necessary to create a new Government department, a Ministry of War Preparation.

"Besides the existing material conscriptions—military, transport, motor—it may perhaps be necessary to introduce conscription for grain, meat and fodder. All industrial establishments, mills, factories, workshops, even home workers, on declaration of war will have to work for the army in accordance with a special plan of mobilisation. All these details will have to be carefully drafted in peace time in order to obviate defects connected with requisition and confiscation. "But I will not enter into particulars further. One thing is undoubted, namely, that a future war in ten or twenty years will be unprecedented in comparison with previous wars. Expedients for the extermination of humanity will be of such a nature that everything we hear of nowadays will pale in comparison. The numbers of killed will be reckoned by millions, the wounded by tens of millions.

"And nevertheless this war will be inevitable if Germany is not conquered and Europe does not secure herself by guarantees against what is happening in our time. Germany must pay, not only as the author of the conflagration but as an example to other ambitious parties in the future. When Germany has been subdued nobody will prevent the States by a universal treaty from limiting their armaments and from restraining militarism within certain limits, for which Russia made a proposal at the Hague conference. An international tribunal must at last acquire power."

A Supper-Militarism

The memorandum of Gen. Skugarevski has attracted considerable attention in military and diplomatic circles in London. "Here," said the officer who called it to my attention, "is a sketch of a militarism that will make the German articles look like a joke."

It will be noted that the Russian soldier bases his demand for an unheard of organisation for war and an army of unmatchable size on the supposition that Russia must prepare for another war against Germany if the Teutons are not crushed at this time, and that he suggests that if Germany is beaten an international agreement for the limitation of armaments may be possible. These utterances are not taken seriously in London; the one point that impresses British soldiers is that apparent growth of a desire in Russia to imitate and excel the Prussian military system. Alliances change, new partners are made and there is no very firm faith in western Europe that if Germany is beaten the alliance between Russia, France and England will continue, while there is considerable fear that the reactionary party in Russia may continue in control and make, or try to make, an alliance with Germany after Germany has been so weakened as no longer to menace Russian ambitions in the Near East.

I asked a distinguished General in the British army, now on the retired list, to comment upon General Skugarevski's forecast of the future Russian army. "There is no doubt," said the British veteran, "that Russia, if she applies herself to military affairs with the assiduity shown by Germany for the past forty years and if she develops a military caste which has the high sense of duty and the capacity for leadership shown by the Prussians, can be cock of the walk in Europe.

"But I doubt whether the spirit of the Russian upper classes will so change in our time as to make this possible. The Russian is essentially peaceable and the bureaucratic class seems to be intent on feathering its own nest rather than carrying our great schemes of organisation such as that outlined here. However, the war is making great changes in Russia and Skugarevski may be right. I must decline for obvious reasons to comment on the results of such a policy as this upon our position in India. We have trouble enough on our hands now without hunting for more twenty or thirty years ahead.

"As for the General's figures they are most interesting, but I think they are too high. I should say that no nation of 200,000,000 people could prepare in peace time the organisation for an army of 40,000,000 and actually put that army in the field without suffering an economies breakdown, and hundreds of million of pounds must be spent in Russia on railways and roads before such masses of men could be moved at all. Even if these are built I am inclined to think that in the wars of the future the percentage of population which can go into an army will be much less than Gen. Skugarevski believes, although it will be far greater than was thought possible before this war.

"He seems to me not to lay sufficient stress upon the artillery factor of modern warfare. A reserve 50,000,000 shells for an army of 40,000,000 men is absurdly small. This memorandum evidently was prepared before the Verdun and Somme battles were well understood in Russia. The next war will be won by the Power which has the most cannon and shells, and perhaps as many men will be kept at home to turn out war material as enter the fighting line. However, the Skugarevski memorandum inspires much food for thought; for nobody can deny that Russia in ten years if she seriously bestirs herself meanwhile can put twenty or twenty-five million trained soldiers under arms, and to stand against such an onslaught would not be easy for any combination of Powers in Europe.

"I do not think we shall ever have to fight Russia, whether or not our present alliance remains unbroken. With her old aspirations for Constantinople satisfied her future as I see it for the next generation at any rate will be one of peaceful internal development, provided Germany lets her alone."

Chinese Tract Society

The 38th annual meeting of the Board of Trustees of the Chinese Tract Society was held yesterday, in the home of Rev. A. P. Parker, D.D., 19 Quinsan Road, at 3.30 p.m.

The following Chinese and foreign trustees were present: Rev. Dr. A. P. Parker, Dr. John Durrach, Mr. Y. T. Barr, Mr. Wong Hong-tong, Mr. Zee Vee-wai, Rev. H. J. Blackstone, Rev. S. K. Wong, Mr. S. K. Tsao, Rev. Dr. S. I. Woodbridge, Rev. Tsu Tsok-san, Rev. Li Hung-tseng, Mr. B. Y. Chow, Rev. Sidney T. H. Tai, Mr. G. G. Matheson, Rev. E. Box, Rev. C. J. F. Symons, and Rev. Wong Veng-z.

Owing to the absence of the president, the Rt. Rev. H. J. Molony, D.D., the Rev. A. P. Parker, D.D., the vice-president, took the chair, and asked Rev. Sidney T. H. Tai to open the meeting with prayer. The minutes of the last annual meeting having been printed and circulated were taken as read.

The General Secretary, Mr. Zee Vee-wai, read the report in English and Chinese.

The treasurer's report was read by Mr. Zee and unanimously approved, having been audited by Mr. Hugh McKay, manager of the Mission Book Co., the honorary auditor.

The secretary reported that Rev. Z. T. Kiang had been nominated by the Board of Directors to fill the vacancy on the Board of Trustees caused by the death of Prof. H. L. Zia. The Board accepted this nomination and requested the secretary to inform the gentleman of his appointment. Rev. H. J. Blackstone was elected a Director and Trustee of the Society.

The Board of Trustees welcomed the Rev. Joshua Vale who resumes his work as Editorial Secretary.

A hearty vote thanking the many volunteers who assisted the society during the past year was passed unanimously.

Owing to lack of funds effected by the great war, Mr Zee Vee-wai was requested to continue his position as honorary General Secretary for the ensuing year, the Board much appreciating this voluntary service on the part of Mr. Zee.

The total number of books and tracts printed during the year was 766,500 copies, about 5,839,000 pages.

The total distribution was 877,329 copies, equal to 9,385,447 pages.

For current expenses the Society received G. $500.00 from Rev. Wm. E. Blackstone and G. $100.00 from the American Tract Society. G. $2,500.00 was also received from the Milton Stewart Evangelistic Fund for printing 500 sets of "The Minister's Library." The Special Chinese Finance Committee has also raised $1,320.81 (Mex.). This later sum is very gratifying as showing that the Chinese Christians are keenly interested in the work of the Society.

The total income was Mex. $14,098.16 (including last year's balance, $2,029.02) and the total expenditure was Mex. $12,144.95; thus leaving a cash balance of $1,953.21 (Mex.) carried over to the next year's account.

The meeting was closed with prayer by Rev. Li Hung-tseng.

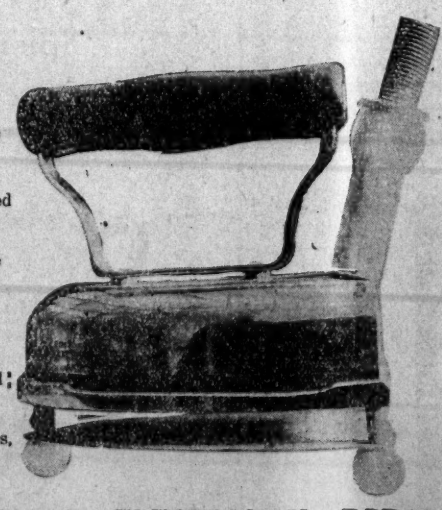
Mikimoto's
Culture Pearls and Jewels
Suitable for
'Xmas Gifts.
Mikimoto Pearl Store
31 Nanking Road, Shanghai.

"The Richest of all Tinned Milks Tested"
Says the Committee on Infant and Invalid Diet of the Medical Missionary Association of China

Over 30 years ago the late Lord Beaconsfield testified to the benefits he received from HIMROD'S CURE, and every post brings similar letters to-day.
HIMROD'S CURE for ASTHMA
FAMED FOR 40 YEARS.
Sold in tins by all Chemists and Stores throughout the Country.
Beware of Imitations.

POST CARDS Largest selection and lowest prices in town
Burr 2 Broadway

Electric Irons



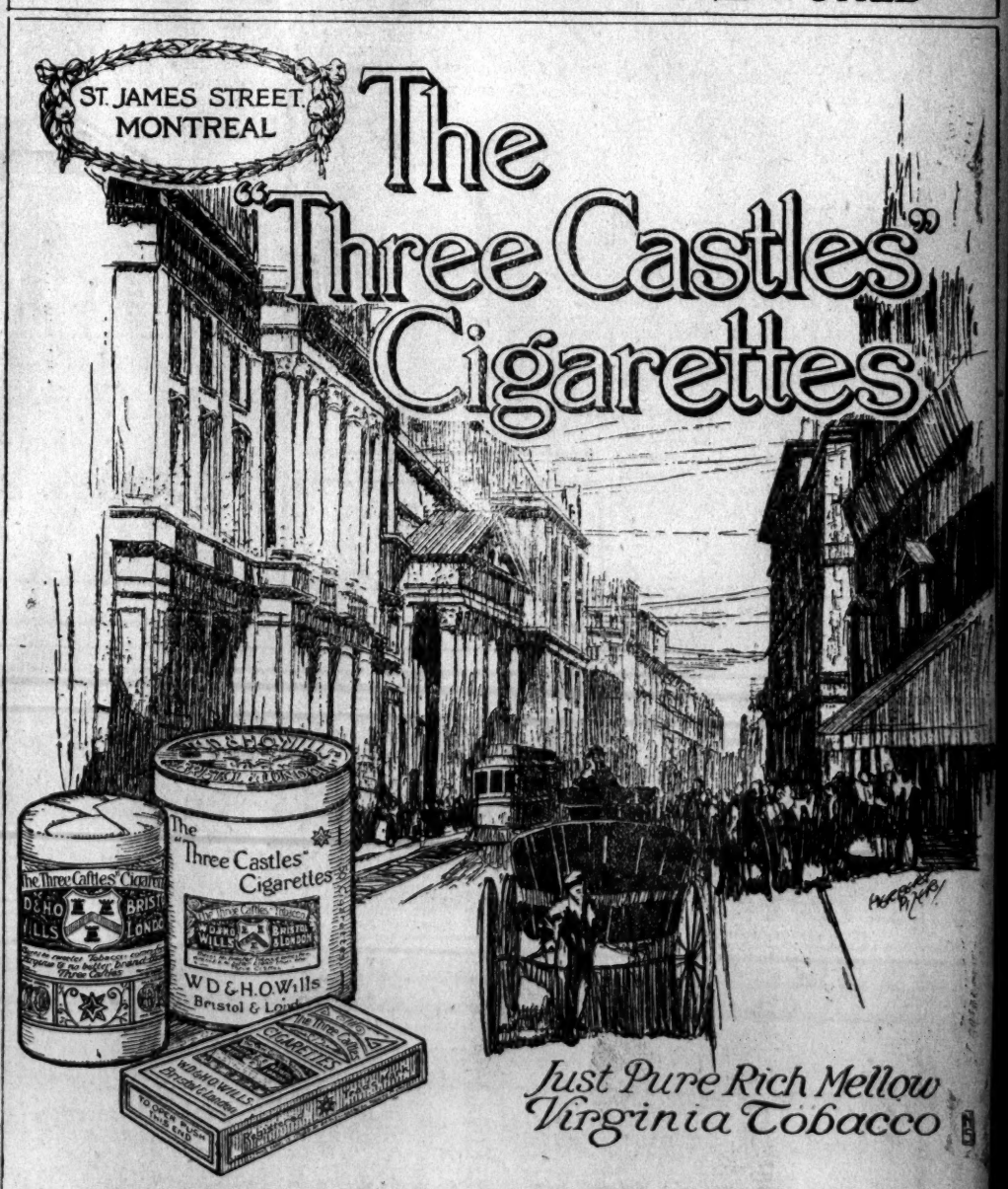
Electric Irons are now stocked by all the leading Electrical Contractors, Irons of various types may by seen and examined at the:

MUNICIPAL ELECTRICITY DEPARTMENT
SHOWROOMS: 471-2 NANKING ROAD. TEL. No. 2660.

Star Garage Co.
PHONE WEST 197
SEND US YOUR CARS FOR THE WINTER OVERHAUL.
EXPERT ELECTRICAL REPAIRS AND ADJUSTMENTS A SPECIALTY.
CHARGES REASONABLE.
125, Bubbling Well Road.

Quality Right. SWEDISH PAPER Prices Right.
The Ekman Foreign Agencies, Ltd.
No. 6 Kiangse Road

SMOKED THROUGHOUT THE WORLD


ST. JAMES STREET, MONTREAL
The "Three Castles" Cigarettes
The Three Castles Cigarettes
W D & H O Wills
Bristol & London
Just Pure Rich Mellow Virginia Tobacco

THE CIGARETTE WITH THE PEDIGREE
IF YOU SMOKE A PIPE OF COURSE YOU SMOKE "CAPSTAN NAVY CUT"
(This advertisement issued by the British-American Tobacco Company, Ltd.)

SAYS ALLIES EXPECT TWO YEARS OF WAR

Leaders, It Is Stated, Know West Front Won't Break, So Drive Wedges

DECISIVE MOVE ON AUSTRIA

Great Effort To Be Made Through Servia When Sarrail Is Ready

Providence, R. I., October 26.—The pro-ally Providence Journal will publish tomorrow morning a message, which was refused cable transmission in London on October 14, but reached The Journal by mail through Montreal, last night. It reads as follows:

"A careful estimate of the probable duration of the war from sources which include the best brains of the military organisations of France, Great Britain, and Russia, and which also reflects the personal belief of General Joffre, in supreme command on the western front in Europe, has established the belief among the allied Governments that there can be no possible cessation of hostilities during the next two years. It is also the belief of the military authorities among the Allies that the only contingency which will shorten this period is the possible disintegration of the Austrian Empire.

"While conditions on the western front are more than satisfactory to the Allies, they do not believe that they can force the German lines back over the conquered territory under any circumstances. The remarkable growth of aircraft observation among the allied forces has put them in possession of every fact concerning the condition and strength of the German defenses now confronting them.

"These defenses, of a most massive character spread back from the present line over a distance of fully eight miles, encompassing a network of parallel trenches, of which there must be fully sixty between the front line of the Germans and the rear fortifications.

"It is rapidly becoming understood that the losses of the British in their recent victories, which have put them in possession of about five miles of the enemy's trenches, have been very great. The conclusion has been reached that it is not worth while to sacrifice men in this fashion again, and that there is really no necessity to do so in order to bring about final victory.

Plan to Drive in Wedges

"The plan of campaign as outlined by General Joffre will be steadily adhered to from this time forth. It is to hold the present lines along the entire front, and by pounding operations toward points like Thiepval and Douaumont to drive triangular wedges into the front lines wherever possible. The purpose of these movements is not to secure any temporary strategic advantage, but while holding the German lines within their present limitations to increase the actual trench area which must be defended by the Germans. In other words, the entire plan is to substitute the zigzag and irregular line wherever it runs straight across.

"The allied Generals realise that every additional mile of ground to be defended by the Germans under the present circumstances imposes a much greater strain on the enemy and compels the constant presence of great numbers of troops which the Germans would otherwise utilise along the Balkan frontier.

"General Joffre within the last week has expressed the belief that if the Germans were to retreat now to a straight line, running 165 miles from Antwerp down through Namur and Montmedy to Etain, fifteen miles north-east of Verdun, such a movement would be worth twenty-five divisions of infantry to the Teuton forces. It is known however, that the Germans will never voluntarily begin a retreat of this magnitude, because the mobile allied force ready and waiting for such a movement, particularly the cavalry divisions, would overwhelm them and cut them to pieces during the progress of such a retreat over flat and unfortified territory in the approaching difficult season for transportation.

"In addition, it is well known to the Allies that in the present state of public sentiment among the German people the Teutonic Governments would not dare order such a wholesale retreat. It was General von Falkenhayn's insistence on a retreat of this kind, as a military necessity, that cost him his command.

"The immense quantities of ammunition stored by the Allies back of their lines are being added to constantly, and to such an extent has this condition been improved that it is becoming common knowledge that before the new year the necessity for securing completed munitions from the United States will be over. The Allies will continue to need sheet copper and empty brass case from the United States and other countries, but orders for ammunition ready for use will undoubtedly fall off greatly in the near future.

"In the meantime every possible weakness in the German lines is being utilised in wedge-driving actions in order to complicate and break up straight lines wherever possible. It is the belief of the allied commanders that by this method they will be able, while maintaining practically the same front as at present, to increase the length of line to be held by thirty to fifty miles.

Predicts Real Drive at Austria

"The real movement of troops is to come through Greece and Servia into Austria, and French officers in command at Salonica hawe never doubted their ability at any time during the last two months to move forward and occupy Servia whenever they are prepared to begin the campaign. But they have been held back by the knowledge that facilities at Salonica for dockage of transports and arrival of supplies, guns, and ammunition have been entirely inadequate for the continual support of an advancing victorious army, gradually getting further from its base.

"In order to change these conditions the leading dockage engineers of Great Britain and France have been for months working with thousands of laborers on plans which will, when completed, create at Salonica the greatest and most complete system of wharves and receiving sheds in existence. Two wharves, each over a mile and a half long, are already under construction, and when those plans are completed it is estimated that fully fifty transports can discharge side by side without difficulty or confusion.

"The Allies, however, are facing the fact that the completion of these plans will take at least another eight months, and it is declared that until that time no real advance into Servia will be made, but that when it is made the invasion of Austria will become a certainty a few weeks after the word is given to move forward.

"Another complication, of course, is the uncertainty which still exists as to the attitude of the German party in Greece. The delay in creating the necessary dockage facilities is for many reasons considered not at all disadvantageous under present circumstances, because at this time, even if transport service could be amply cared for, the French officers in command of the troops at Salonica could not contemplate a forward movement with the possibility of being compelled to hold large masses of troops at the base to take care of counter-demonstrations in their rear.

Twelve Superdreadnoughts Ready

"British Admiralty officials are delighted with the marvelous work that has been done in English dock yards in the building of new dreadnoughts. Wonderful results, which have not up to this time been made public, have been accomplished in this direction.

"Twelve new battleships of the super-dreadnought type are now practically ready for sea. Four of these, the four largest and most powerful weapons of offense that have ever been placed on the water, are 850 feet long, with a speed of over thirty knots, and are armed with twelve eighteen-inch guns. No such armament as this has ever been before contemplated in the history of naval architecture, and it is considered that ships of this type are capable of winning any sea fight in which they may be engaged."

TELLS TEUTONS HOW TO LIVE ON LITTLE

Food Bureau Lecturer Tries To Convince The Hungry They're Better Off

CHILDREN UNDERNOURISHED

Dr. Gorham, Just Returned, Says Their Development Suffers From Meagre Diet

New York, November 5.—In connection with recent reports from Germany to the effect that the restrictions in the consumption of food due to war conditions has had a beneficial influence upon the health of many inhabitants of the Fatherland, especially those who were inclined to overeat before the war began, comes a story telling how the Imperial War Food Bureau is sending Professor Ismar Boas, one of Germany's authorities on food values, through the empire lecturing before women's associations on "How One Can Live Almost on Nothing." The Berliner Vorwarts remarks that, while the learned professor practically proves that a person can live on almost nothing, it seriously doubts if such a lie is worth living.

In one of his recent lectures, as reported in the German newspapers and summarised by the London Press, Dr. Boas declared that his main object really was to dispel the prevailing apprehension that there was any danger of the national health being impaired by undernutrition. He contended that one could speak of under-nutrition only when the pre-war standard was accepted as normal. As a matter of fact, the pre-war standard was overnutrition, and if in a vast number of cases war food had resulted in diminishing girth and weight, these results were really blessings in disguise which should not be taken tragically.

It was only permitted to speak of under-nutrition when loss of weight and circumference was accompanied by loss of physical and mental powers, and, for so far, no deterioration in these respects was noticeable. Professor Boas's great authority on the ability to exist on next to nothing is a Danish food expert named Hindhede, who for several years has supported himself and his family on potatoes, bread and butter, and fruit, at a cost of a trifle over 6 cents a day per person. Herr Boas asks the Germans to follow the example of the Dane and "throw to the winds their idolatrous veneration for certain foods which they falsely regard as rich in albumen."

"Just think," said Dr. Boas, "what we might be able to do were we to get rid of this food idolatry. It would take some time to accustom ourselves to living on almost nothing, but when we have arrived at that point we shall have obtained a striking victory over ourselves, and from an economic point of view the gain will be immense."

The women of the association he was addressing audibly expressed disapproval of this, but the professor had come provided with figures and showed them on the blackboard that the 2,800 calories which the human body daily required might be found in 2,917 grams of potatoes, as well as in 2,857 grams of beef, or in thirty-five eggs. And the price of the potatoes was only 8 cents, whereas the eggs cost $2.60 and the beef $4. Beans were fine, he said. You could get your 2,800 calories in 823 grams of beans, and the cost, even at war prices, was only 35 cents.

One woman in the audience told the lecturer that, according to his theory, the less the nation ate the healthier the people would become. Herr Boas did not think that this was a fair deduction if carried to extremes, a remark which the women greeted with laughter.

The meeting is said to have ended in some disorder, and Herr Boas, as he left the platform, had some caustic remarks addressed to him about his food theories.

In the course of an interview with a representative of the local German press, Dr. Frank D. Gorham, who has just returned from a nine months' stay in Germany as a member of the American Physicians' Expedition, which is doing good work in several hospitals in the Fatherland, after asserting that the food problem in Germany had been solved in a satisfactory manner, is quoted as saying:

"But in all this (the food regulation) there is no danger for the Germany of today. It is the coming generation that will have to suffer from the consequences of the shortage of food. The young persons are under-nourished. This doesn't mean that the children have to go hungry. They have enough to satisfy their appetites. But their food is not made up in a way calculated to satisfy the demands of a growing body. Many of the substitutes, the artificial foodstuffs, fulfill their purpose very well for the moment, but the body is not so strong as it would be under normal conditions."

Dr. Gorham confirmed the reports that there was a serious shortage of doctors in Germany.

Shipping Bulletins

The pilot boats Ellen and Halcyon, belonging to the Chinese Maritime Customs, Newchwang, have entered the port of Port Arthur for wintering purposes as is the custom each year. They will return to Newchwang next Spring when the Liao river re-opens for navigation.

* * *

The long impending question of opening a South-American steamer service by the Osaka Shosen Kaisha has been decided in the affirmative. The company will despatch as the first steamer the s.s. Kasado Maru towards the latter part of this month, the line being worked with sailings four times a year. The terminal in Japan will either be Yokohama or Kobe, and Hongkong, Singapore, Durban, Cape Town, Rio de Janeiro, and Buenos Aires are included in the list of ports of call.

* * *

The s.s. Nagata Maru, working on the Antung regular service, has already discontinued her call at Antung, owing to the approaching close of the Yalu, and has been ordered into the Dalny-Chefoo service till the return of Spring.

* * *

The Japan Marine Insurance Co. instituted a suit against the Osaka Shosen Kaisha at the Osaka District Court for damages amounting to G. Yen 208,450 a few days ago. The Insurance Co. issued a policy to the amount of Yen 416,900 for 15,000 cases of bean oil consigned by the Kodera Bean Mill, on board the s.s. Yawata Maru. This steamer was sunk by collision with the O. S. K. s.s. Malay Maru in the Mediterranean. The plaintiff takes the stand that the fault ought to be shared between both ships, and half the loss is claimed. It was in such circumstances that the O. S. K. sued the owners of the Yawata Maru for damages.

TO THE LADIES

Pinkettes are a boon ensuring daily regularity, thus removing the causes of sick headaches, biliousness, facial eruptions and ill-smelling breath.

PINKETTES

the dainty little gentle-as-nature laxatives, are obtainable from chemists, or, post free, 60 cents the phial from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 36 Szechuen Road, Shanghai.

"What is your Moral Worth?"

YOU HAVE HEARD OF THE

A. H. FOX SPORTING GUNS!

THEY ARE HERE.

Fully Guaranteed. Prices Reasonable.

SQUIRES, BINGHAM CO.

17a Nanking Road

SPORTSMEN'S HEADQUARTERS.

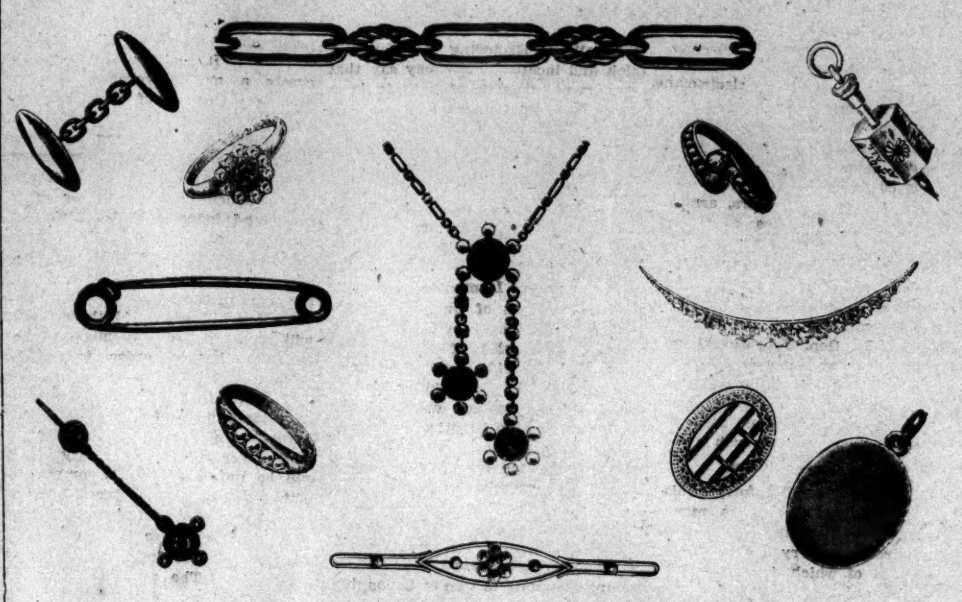
GOLD JEWELLERY

suitable for

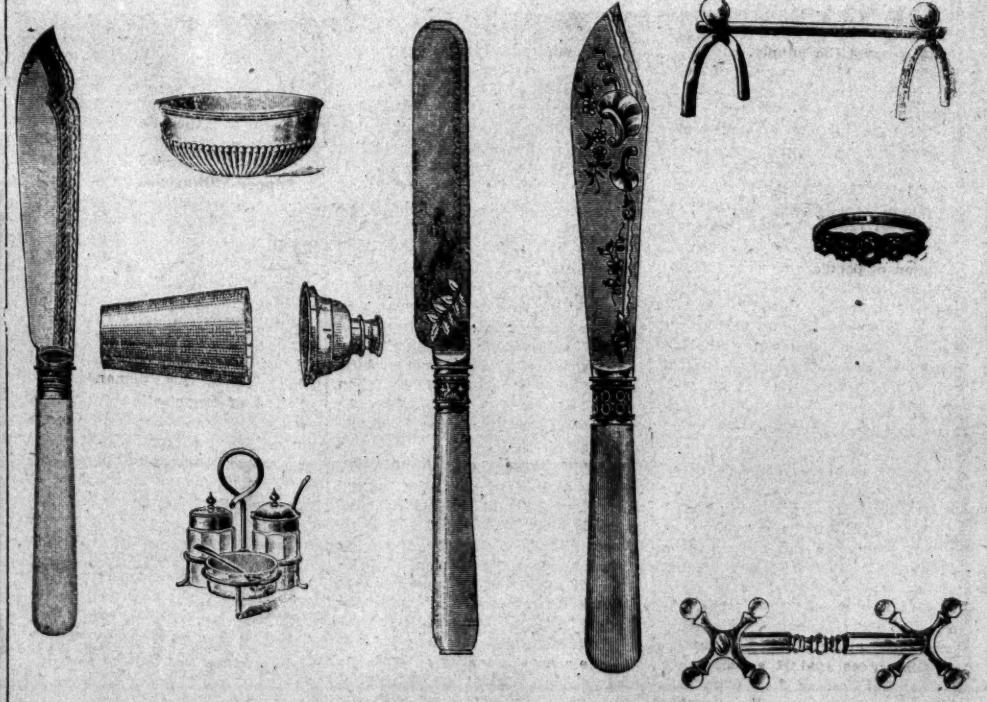
'Xmas and New Year Presents

such as

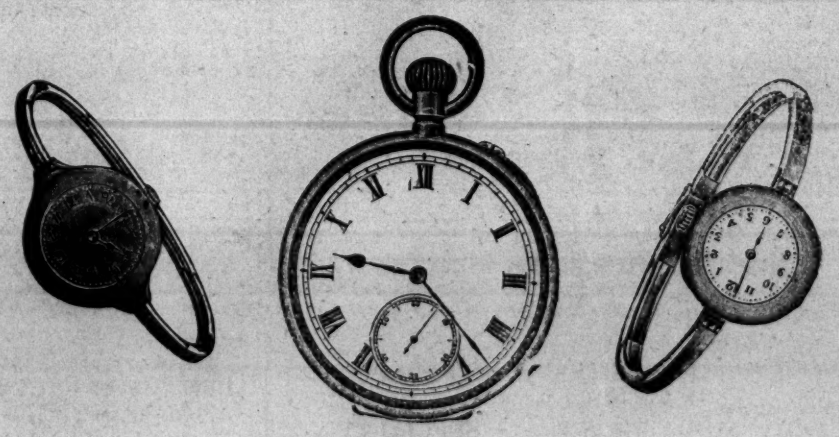
Brooches Bracelets, Pendants, Earrings, Scarf Pins, all kinds of Gold and Gem Rings, Necklets, Lockets, Crosses, Charms, Religious Medals, Seals, Mordant's Pencils, Fob Chains, Cigar and Cigarette Cases, etc.



Large stock of Electro-plate and Silver Ware



Splendid assortment of all kinds of Watches and Wrist Watches



Hirsbrunner & Co.

"The Swiss House"

1 Nanking Road Telephone No. 218

THE HOWE SCALES

THE STANDARD SCALE OF CHINA

All types such as: Counter, Grocer, Platform, Coal, Fish, Freight, Medical, Post Office and Bathroom Scales now on view at our Salesroom.

Illustrated catalogue mailed free on application.

Specifications covering Scales outside the ordinary line receive prompt and careful attention.

MUSTARD & COMPANY

22 Museum Road, Shanghai, Tel. 5491, Sole Agents for China.

Portable Platform Scale.

SPORTS — Latest News of Athletic World — GOSSIP

BASKETBALL LEAGUE FORMED; 7 TEAMS

Season Starts December 13; Preliminary Match Arranged For Tonight

Basket ball has come to stay in Shanghai. Wednesday night representatives of no less than seven different teams met in Town Hall in connection with the Shanghai Volunteer Corps and drew up a schedule of games which will keep them busy until China New Year. Games are to be played Monday, Wednesday, and Friday evenings. Official referees have been appointed and an Executive Committee is in charge.

The American Company, which has so many strong basketball players, is putting into the League no less than four teams, named after famous baseball teams in America; the Red Sox, representing an independent group; Socony, representing the Standard Oil Company; the Athletics, being a team drawn from members of the new athletic organisation; and the Indians, being largely made up of Y.M.C.A. men.

"B" Company (British) is the sole representative of the British units. Then come the Portuguese with a strong aggregation, and the Buglers. There is talk of the Swimming Club having a basketball team later in the season. The game is getting so popular here that even the Sikhs have been playing it and it has caught on with them.

The schedule of games in connection with the Shanghai Volunteer Corps will begin next Wednesday, December 13, when there will be two games played, "B" Company vs. Red Sox, and Indians vs. Buglers. The games on Wednesday nights will be called at 5.45 sharp. Official referees have been appointed who will take charge of the games. These are Messrs. R. W. Squires, W. R. H. Dick, E. G. Neff, and J. A. Blyth. The Executive Committee is composed of Lieutenant J. H. Crocker, Chairman, G. F. Ashley, Secretary, and M. Leitao. The following is the list of dates and schedule of games:

Dec.	13.	B. Co. vs. Red Sox. Indians vs. Buglers.
	15.	Socony vs. Athletics.
	18.	B. Co. vs. Portuguese.
	20.	Red Sox vs. Buglers. Indians vs. Socony.
	22.	Athletics vs. Portuguese.
Jan.	5.	B. Co. vs. Indians.
	8.	Buglers vs. Athletics.
	10.	Red Sox vs. Indians. B. Co. vs. Buglers.
	12.	Red Sox vs. Socony.
	15.	Indians vs. Athletics.
	17.	Buglers vs. Portuguese. B. Co. vs. Socony.
	19.	Red Sox vs. Athletics.
	22.	Socony vs. Portuguese. B. Co. vs. Athletics.
	24.	Red Sox vs. Portuguese. Buglers vs. Socony.
	26.	Indians vs. Portuguese.

Friendly Game Tonight

The Shanghai Red Sox will clash with the Buglers tonight at 6.15 on the S. V. C. floor in Town Hall. The game promises to be a snappy one and a large crowd is expected to turn out and get a line on the teams before the coming series. The Red Sox will line up as follows:—

Morrison F., Britton C., Luke G., Reeder F., Wooten C., Stevenson G., Nichols F., Woods G.

It is important that every member of both squads should be in uniform promptly at 6 o'clock.

Billiards

The Shanghai Championship

The following is the draw for the Shanghai Billiard Championship:—

First Round

G. M. Boyes v. H. B. Ollerdessen.

Second Round

J. V. Jensen v. G. M. Boyes or H. B. Ollerdessen.

A. E. Fenton v. S. S. Nazer.
C. W. Porter v. E. D. Bush.
C. Komaroff v. J. E. Wilson.
G. M. P. Remedios v. R. Phillips.
Capt. E. I. M. Barrett v. E. E. Fasting.
H. E. Gibson v. Gordon Morriss.
A. P. Stokes v. H. Smythe.

The first round must be played by the 9th inst., the second round by the 16th, the third round by the 23rd, and the semi-final by the 31st.

The final game will be fixed by the Committee and, as last year, will be held in aid of a War Fund.

Shooting

Police Competition Won By P. C. Ashley

An accident on the Shanghai Nanking Railway and the winning of a shooting cup would appear, at first sight, very divergent happenings but a recent smash on the line mentioned led to the other a few days ago.

When the accident took place, a party of Shanghai policemen were in the neighborhood and, hearing of the trouble, they went along and gave the railway authorities very valuable help, a kindly act which was not forgotten. Not long afterwards it was recognised by the presentation of a cup for shooting and the competition has now been shot off. The cup has to be won three times in succession or five times in all and the winner is given a miniature. The following were the leading scores out of a possible 125:—

P. C. M. E. Ashley	109
P. S. Fairbairn	107
D. S. Welsh	104
A. S. E. I. M. Barrett	104
P. S. Freeman	102
P. S. Mackenzie	102
P. S. Moore	101
P. S. Robertson	100
Insp. Merrison	100

Golf

The Championship

The Championship will be decided this week-end. Mr. A. Wragge awaits the winner of the game between Mr. R. A. Lawson and Mr. G. F. Browne, who play off their "all square" decider tomorrow. The final will be played on Sunday with Mr. O. Crewe Read as referee.

Other competitions follow:—

November War Fund Pool

Two best cards of 18 holes each v. Bogey.

E. Brooke (15) square—2 2 down.
E. M. Ross (6) square—2 4 down.

129 Cards were taken out.

The fund for Blind Soldiers and Sailors benefits by $50.00.

Hong Foursomes

The result of the draw for the Hong Foursomes Competition is as follows:—

1ST ROUND.

E. Ex. Tel. Co. (R. H. C. Godwin and H. F. Gray) 24, v. B. and Co., Ltd., B. B. and Co. (H. E. Brewer and G. M. Boyes) 27.

S.-N. Railway (W. O. Lancaster and N. H. Bolton) 14 v. St. John's University (W. P. Roberts and G. N. Steiger) 11.

Shanghai Land Investment Co. (G. S. Mackie and P. Peebles) 17 v. Chartered Bank (C. J. Scott and J. S. McEachran) 17.

J. D. H. and Co., M. S. and Co. (G. H. Phillips and Jas. Scotson) 18 v. Taikoo (W. E. Leckie and D. MacDonald 31.

Lowe, Bingham and Matthews (J. E. Bingham and E. M. Ross) 24 v. Customs (A. S. Hocking and F. H. Maas) 25.

Taikoo (G. M. Young and S. S. Roberts) 35 v. Collins and Co. (C. H. Rutherford and E. Payne) 27.

Customs (H. D. Hilliard and Alan Wilson) 14 v. S.M.C. Finance Dept. (E. F. Goodale and A. W. Macphail) 26.

Maitland and Co., Ltd. (C. M. Bain and K. D. Stewart) 13 v. S.M.C. Elec. Dept. (G. Ewart and C. W. Glover) 28.

Exchange Brokers (E. O. Cumming and R. Macgregor) 23 v. Taikoo (H. Shadgett and J. H. Little) 23.

2ND ROUND.

J. H. J. and N. (Drs. Hanwell and Neild) 16 v. Walter Nutter and Co. (H. H. Fowler and H. Holmes) 28.

Ewo (J. C. Macdougall and E. B. Clarke) 21 v. M. M. B. and M. (Drs. Marshall and Billinghurst) 23.

Caldbeck, Macgregor and Co. (E. F. Bateman and J. J. Sheridan) 36 v. Andersen, Meyer and Co. (W. G. R. Murphy and D. H. Cooke) 32.

Reiss and Co. (A.M. Carnan and R. H. Rowlatt) 32 v. Schoolmasters (R. G. Dowie and W. H. Moule) 20.

Wayfoong (E. H. Gordon and L. Evans) 21 v. B. C. C. (R. W. Johnston and F. W. Tower) 19.

S. M. C. Elec. Dept. (C. Knight and W. S. Clay) 15 v. H. E. Arnold (H. E. Arnold and F. Schwyzer) 31.

A. P. Co. (F. O. Reynolds and A. Wragge) 9 bye.

Shanghai Club (C. W. Marshall and F. Milner) 36 v. S.M.C. Police (K. E. Newman and E. I. M. Barrett) 5.

Telephone Co. (C. W. Porter and E. R. Palmer) 22 v. Taikoo (E. F. Mackay and R. A. Lawson) 10.

B. A. T. Co. (H. Thomas and H. Langley) 36 v. Wayfoong (A. G. Stephen and W. R. Stewart) 34.

Chartered Bank (A. N. Warrack and A. Gray) 10 v. Exchange Brokers (N. G. Maitland and H. F. Bell) 30.

Conditions 18 holes; final 36 holes; 1st round to be completed by 31st December, 2nd by 14th January, 3rd by 28th January, 4th by 11th February; Semi-finals by 25th February.

The figures stated against each couple are the aggregate handicaps. To arrive at the number of strokes that must be allowed, take 3/8ths of the difference between aggregate handicaps. Fractions of ½ and over go in favor of the receiver of odds.

Singles Tournament Draw

The draw for the above tournament is as follows:—

1st Round

J. C. Macdougall (3) v. L. Evans (7).
W. N. C. Allen (14) v. E. H. Gordon (14).
N. H. Bolton (5) v. H. H. Fowler (10).
F. D. K. Farnan (17) v. E. Brook (12).
G. Hanwell (9) v. E. B. Clarke (18).
P. H. Nye (18) v. C. W. Porter (4)
A. S. Hocking (7) v. W. A. H. Moule (8).
A. W. Macphail (8) v. E. M. Ross (6).
Alan Wilson (6) v. W. E. Leckie (14).
A. Gray (3) v. A. Wragge (1).
C. E. M. Thomsen (14) v. G. Burton Sayer (9).
C. Knight (8) v. J. J. Sheridan (18).
G. Ewart (10) v. P. Enticknap (16).

2nd Round.

O. Crewe-Read (6) v. R. H. Rowlatt (14).
W. O. Lancaster (9) v. D. H. Cooke (16).
R. A. Lawson (2) v. C. W. Glover (18).
C. J. Scott (12) v. J. H. Little (14).
D. MacDonald (17) v. H. N. Weinberg (17).
C. J. G. Hill (12).
J. S. S. Cooper (18) v. W. S. Clay (7).
L. R. Wheen (12) v. R. E. Stewardson (10).
H. E. S. Pickering (8) v. C. Selby Moore (7).
A. N. Warrack (7) v. H. B. Woodford (15).

Pour LUX on the troubled waters of the wash

Myriads of delightful Lux wafers are working wonders at the wash-tub all the world over. In colour, these wafers are as cream—to the touch they are as silk. Each single Lux wafer is a tiny missionary for cleanliness and comfort. Their mission is to make cleanliness really delightful and delightfully easy to attain.

LUX FOR WOOLLENS, BLANKETS, FLANNELS AND DAINTY FABRICS.

Sold by all Chemists and Dealers

Agents:

LEVER BROTHERS (CHINA), LIMITED,
3 Kiukiang Road, Shanghai.

Insure Your Motor-Car

with the

Java Sea and Fire Insurance Company
8b Kiukiang Road: Tel. 70
LIBERAL CONDITIONS AND MODERATE RATES

Apply to
The Ekman Foreign Agencies, Ltd.
for particulars of all kinds of
SWEDISH PAPER

Pearl White and "The Laughing Mask."
The most popular figures in Filmdom

The audiences of 84 theatres in St. Louis and East St. Louis are wondering "Who is The Laughing Mask"

in

PATHÉ'S GREATEST SERIAL

THE IRON CLAW

"The serial with unnapproachable record"

Produced by Feature Film Corp'n
Edward José, Gen'l Director

The PATHÉ EXCHANGE inc
EXECUTIVE OFFICES
25 WEST 45th ST., NEW YORK

Shanghai

will equally be in a state of wonderment as to—"Who is the Laughing Mask?',

"THE IRON CLAW"

Commences on Monday, December 11th

at the

APOLLO THEATRE

and it will not be until after many episodes have been screened, that you will find the solution of "The Laughing Mask."

The play contains 20 episodes of two parts each. Two Episodes will be screened every Monday.

The story, illustrated, will appear each week, in instalments, in The China Press, Commencing Sunday, December 10th.

The China Press

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR EXCEPT ON MONDAYS AND HOLIDAYS

THE CHINA PRESS Incorporated, Delaware, Publishers

WEATHER

The gale of the Yellow Sea will reach the Eastern Sea and the southern districts. Cloudy and colder weather, with squalls, in our regions. Rough weather south of Cochin-China.

DEATH

HOGG: On December 7, 1916, at 18 Avenue Road, Shanghai, Agnes Ogilvie, wife of G. Hogg.

11930-D-8.

IMPARTIAL AND PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, DECEMBER 8, 1916

The Largest Financial Question

(New York Times)

A column could not contain the mere statement of the incredible financial events which this war has brought to realisation. A page could not discuss them. Perhaps at their head may be put the fact that, whereas other wars have been marked by a tendency to hoard gold, usually beginning with a run on banks, this war has been marked by a tendency toward parting with gold. Possibly patriotism was the motive for flooding the banks of the warring nations with gold at the time when their gold reserves were at the apprehension minimum and declining with every day's fighting and borrowing.

It was not patriotism that dictated thrusting upon us the unused treasure until our bankers are gorged with it. Necessity was the motive of that. The warring nations had to buy here, and they could not buy here with paper which our backward financial development allowed us to take. They bought in billions and borrowed in hundreds of millions. Inasmuch as the United States is as unquestionably on a gold basis as the rest of the commercial world is off it, their purchases had to be for dollars, francs, pounds, marks, roubles, and the rest had ceased to be international currency. The value of those coins remains unaltered, and payments could be made in them. But the coins could not be transported with the accustomed ease, and the exchange market became as unbalanced as the mercantile account. Dollar exchange was in deficient supply, and it was useless to draw exchange in foreign currencies which were at a discount upon countries where legal processes for the collection of debts had been suspended. There was no way but to pay us balances in gold.

At the beginning of the war our foreign friends asked us for security for the fulfillment of our obligations. Now the compliment is repaid with a vengeance. We are as backward about taking unsecured promises to pay as were they. In consequence they are so weakened by the drafts upon their gold in payment to us that they have begun to discuss continuing their suspension of gold payments after the war. That is what started speculation regarding the permanence of the gold standard of trade which has culminated here in the discussion by the financial authorities of sixty-five American universities.

The subject may be debated without the alarm which attended the discussion of the silver standard in Mr. Bryan's time. That was a proposal to cut ourselves off from the trading world by adopting the disabilities of China for ourselves. A silver country alone among gold countries is like a lamb among ravening wolves. It is otherwise with a gold country alone among countries with other standards. The experience of England as the sole country of commercial prominence maintaining the gold standard during the bimetallic era is prophetic of what may be expected should the United States alone remain on the gold standard. The world cannot support itself commercially or financially without the materials and manufactures of the United States. If the United States should alone retain the gold standard, the world would have to pay gold for what it took from us. Otherwise we should retain the goods, and there would be speedy relief from the high cost of living. The Bryan panic was the result of the fear that all sums payable among us would be halved. Nothing could be more depressing. Nothing could be more stimulating than remaining on the gold standard while other countries left it. The Entente nations might trade among themselves in paper, and the Teuton nations might do the same. They could not trade with us without increasing our basis of credit and raising the nominal values of everything in gold. It is hard to borrow trouble over that.

Upon a pre-war basis the world's exports and imports were calculated to balance at about $18,000,000,000 annually. The impressive total of thirty-six billions is too great a mass to have its momentum stopped forthwith. It is better to think of the goods which are exchanged than of the gold with which they are exchanged. "With" is an important word here. It is an error to think that goods are exchanged "for" gold. Gold is merely the instrument of commerce. A substitute instrument conceivably might be found. It would matter comparatively little what the instrument might be if the commerce continued. The stoppage of commerce is among the impossibilities.

In the United States at least, whatever else the world may do, the abandonment of the gold standard may be revived for discussion at the Greek calends. Internationally it is different, for there is a substitute at hand rivaling gold in abundance and unquestioned value. When we were in our financial childhood the bank which ranks first among us now proposed through its present President to introduce dealing in British consols among us, in order, among other things, that there might be attracted here a premier security which might take the place of gold in our foreign payments. We earned ourselves out of that difficulty in finding a foreign remittance which must be accepted. We now have supplied ourselves, and in increasing volume, with obligations which foreign buyers must take before they can raid our gold. Soon, if not now, our billions of gold will be re-inforced by equal amounts of national securities which foreign markets must maintain at the par of whatever is their circulating medium. Either foreign structures must crumble, as is not to be expected, or we can return them their national obligations far surpassing any conceivable balance of trade for many a year. The discussions of the professors and bankers are interesting and useful in high degree. They can hardly assume practical importance until our billions of foreign obligations are bailed out, and until our billions of gold have shrunk to dimensions more satisfactory to our conservative financial thought.

When England Helped Us

By Poultney Bigelow

It cannot be true that American naval officers assisted Prussian submarines in their dirty work outside of Newport. No doubt Washington will soon clear up this ambiguous affair. Meanwhile pray permit me to add my mite of testimony regarding the attitude of Great Britain in 1898 when Imperial Germany sided with Spain and sought to bully our gallant Dewey in Manila.

The tale of how the British Captain Chichester stood up with our Admiral against the German Admiral has been told before—and finally by Admiral Dewey himself. This story I checked step by step in Manila by conversation not merely with our own Admiral and his British colleague but by other participants in that memorable fight. Moreover, the British authorities in Hongkong, although legally neutral, interpreted their duties in the manner most favorable to the American ships, and Dewey found no difficulty in fitting out to the best advantage prior to steaming across to the enemy in the Philippines. And as the Yankee fleet steamed past that of England in Hongkong the British bluejackets manned the rigging and cheered us heartily—a most unneutral and yet most generous act.

After the war I found myself in Chefoo waiting an answer from the Russian commander at Port Arthur, to whom I had applied for permission to cross Siberia. The Palace revolution was in full swing at Peking and the fleets of the great powers controlled every bucket of coal in the treaty ports.

Then it was that our Consul Fowler ran up and down the streets of Chefoo wringing his hands and begging for a few tons of coal—but not a lump could be buy. He showed me the cable in wrich he was ordered to coal our cruiser, expected every moment, on a hurry call to protect American lives and property in Tientsin. He told me he could do nothing—money could not buy an ounce of coal.

"Nonsense," said I, "the British Admiral has plenty of coal!"

"True" said Consul Fowler, "but what of that?"

Our Consul, you see, was another of that strange species who think that good things can be got by money only. Then I told him to state his case to Admiral Seymour at Weihaiwei, forty miles to eastward. He sniffed suspiciously, but finally yielded and together we concocted the cable to which in an hour came the joyful news: "Certainly—help yourself—as much as you wish"—or words to that effect. I wonder if England has ever been paid for that coal, for I'm sure that no bill would ever be sent by John Bull.

This story is here printed for the first time—not because it is of importance by itself, but because it is typical of hundreds of cases familiar to many Americans.

Famous Alienist's Anecdotes of The Great

Many well known people figure in Dr. Allan McLane Hamilton's "Recollections of an Alienist" (George H. Doran Company). His social and professional connections and his avocations have brought him into relations with celebrities of all kinds in New York and other parts of the world, and he has recollections about them all. His book gives pictures of the New York that was and records anecdotes innumerable.

Dr. Hamilton is a grandson of Alexander Hamilton. The latter was born in 1756, so that three generations cover 159 years. Dr. Hamilton's father was Philip Hamilton, youngest son of Alexander, a lawyer whose practice was largely in admiralty cases. "Of commanding stature, with silvery white hair and closely cropped whiskers, my father made an imposing appearance in the blue suit of naval cut that he usually wore, with a 'Gladstone' collar and black stock. He always carried a gold headed malacca stick and a large red silk handkerchief with white squares, a nautical survival; this he not only used for the ordinary purposes but to signal with upon every needed occasion or as an outlet for the expression of his elated emotions—it was, in fact, a part of the man."

He was a yachtsman and sailed the America in many of her trying out cruises before she went to England and won the cup.

Dr. Hamilton's mother was a daughter of Louis McLane of Delaware, who was Minister to England and about whom Tom Moore recorded the following anecdote in his diary:

"I forgot to tell Lady Holland what I had in coming up the avenue fully resolved not to forget, namely, the following anecdote. Among other stories told to the glory of the reforming monarch [William IV.] it is generally stated that McLane, the American Ambassador, said to his Majesty, 'I little thought, Sire, I should live to see the day when I should envy a Monarch.' In paying a visit at McLane's the other morning I mentioned the currency of this anecdote; on which Mrs. McLean (who is a very amiable, natural person) said, 'It is true that Mr. McLean said he envied the King, but it was not on the reform question, but it was, I am ashamed to say, on seeing the King kiss Lady Lilford.'"

Of Alexander Hamilton's widow Dr. Hamilton writes:

"Previous to her death, in 1856, my Grandmother Hamilton came sometimes to see us in Williamsburg, and then I was entertained by stories of her early life, and she read me letters from 'Dolly' Madison, who wrote in a queer, small hand. It was difficult to connect the little aged woman, dressed in quiet bombazine dress, wearing large iron rimmed spectacles, and carrying the reticule that was universal in those days, with the sprightly, beautiful creature described eighty years before by Tench Tilghman and Rochefoucauld-Liancourt."

In August, 1862, Dr. Hamilton saw Lincoln and records this impression of him:

"While my father and brother were talking I watched the interesting face opposite me and was fascinated by the warty growth upon one side of his face and amused by his hearty laughter, which he himself said to some one on another occasion was the 'joyous universal Evergreen of Life.' At other times there was only a whimsical smile, his eyes indicating nothing but a kind of far off dreaminess and introspection. I have since witnessed this disharmony of expression in peculiar or psychopathic people, although I do not for a moment make any imputation.

"There was indeed at times a deep look of sadness, which suggested a lurking sorrow and afforded a sufficient excuse for his moods. Many people have referred to certain mental peculiarities possessed by him, which it is said amounted to a morbid personality, if not a mental disorder, and that he had hallucinations and illusions. Long after this visit, in 1910, I wrote to his former secretary, John Hay, for some information to be utilized in a book I was then writing. In reply, Mr. Hay said: 'He was a man of deeply religious feeling rather than theological belief. There was a vein of mysticism which characterized him all his life, but he was not what I would call superstitious, and, so far as I know, he had no hallucinations.'"

Dr. Hamilton devotes a chapter to his medical studies. Medical education in the '60s was of course far more primitive than it is at the present time. No preliminary education was then required, and it was possible in at least one college for a man in haste to take the two needed courses for graduation in one year, winter and summer. Of the profession itself he says:

"Why so many men take up the profession of medicine is always a puzzle. Undoubtedly a number are not fitted by nature for this calling and have only adopted it because it was supposed to be remunerative, or because the person happened to be the son of a doctor. My experience is that comparatively few men have really been 'in love with their profession' in the beginning—and fewer are afterward honestly enthusiastic. Today the most contented are the reasearch workers in directions that never permit them to come into contact with commercialism; who follow it to escape the thousand and one buffetings incident to ingratitude and disloyalty of patients; to avoid the prevalence of quackery, Christian Science, Osteopathy and a hundred other forms of popular claptrap, each one of which lures the impressionable client sooner or later."

He entered the office of Dr. Harvey B. Sands in 1867. Sands "was a lovable man, with precise little ways of manner and speech. He was absolutely full of the knowledge of his profession, and was the most delicate and skilful operator I have ever known. He was also an accomplished pianist and instinctively ran his fingers over the keys wherever he found the instrument. I shall never forget that he was called to perform a slight operation upon a patient who was a member of a very serious family on Lexington avenue.

"When we reached the house Curtis and I were sent up stairs to get the patient ready and give him the anaesthetic, while Sands remained below. The horror of the friends who had keyed themselves up unnecessarily to the occasion was apparent when the notes of Chopin's 'Tarantelle' ascended from below, and when after tickling the few hairs on his otherwise bald head with his crooked little finger, he hummed to himself the few remaining bars and proceeded to business."

Another of his instructors was Dr. James W. McLane, who was full of anecdote, and was never tired of telling of the rich and miserly old man whose only daughter had died after a protracted illness. The father, who had from time to time not only complained of the expense incident to her illness but disputed the doctor's bill, demanded at the end that the flowers that had been sent for several days before her demise should be utilized at the funeral to save expense. Dr. Hamilton adds this from his own experience:

"I am reminded of a 'close' old man who consulted me many years ago. This Mr. B. had a brother and between them they owned pretty much all the real estate in a neighboring city. When I told a friend of how my patient had come to my office in shabby old clothes and pleaded poverty, with the result that I charged him only half my usual fee, he told me of another occasion when some one upbraided the old man, saying, 'Do you know, Mr. G., I think you are the meanest man I have ever met?' he replied. 'Perhaps you think so but have you ever met my brother?'"

Here is the portrait of a fashionable physicion of those days:

"Dr. Thomas was the product of South Carolina, and came to New York, making an impression upon the feminine part of the community, especialy by his redundant floridness and manner. His emphasis and fecundity of comparison made his rather unpleasant specialty most attractive to his audience; as one of his students said, 'Thomas's description of an ordinary attack of indigestion was an epic poem.' His were the celebrated 'bedside manners' and his method of persuading a fastidious woman to take a dose of nasty medicine was worthy of a better cause. With all this he was an able and successful physician."

Of an institution of which the general public hears little Dr. Hamilton says:

"There is in New York a quasi-social medical society that has been in existence for three-quarters of a century, and which has always included a number of the leading men in New York practice. The meetings consist of a discussion of reported cases, a supper and conversazione. It is known as the Medical and Surgical Society.

"The suppers were usually events which would have met with the approval of Brillat Savarin himself. Delicacies brought from all parts of the country, wines that had been carried around the globe in the holds of sailing vessels, canvas-back ducks and terrapin, both of which are becoming extinct, ante-bellum hams from Virginia plantations and wild rice from South Carolina were usually provided; and, of them all, the feasts arranged by the late John T. Metcalfe, who was not only an accomplished physician but a gourmet with more finished gastronomic skill than even Sam Ward, took the first rank.

"The scientific discussions were as a rule good, but occasionally a dreadful bore would get his innings, exhibiting perhaps a nail extracted from the foot of a patient or a button from the oesophagus of a neglected child. Such a one was old Dr. P——, a veritable sarcophagus of learning and a surgeon whose mortuary mistakes were appalling, although he did his best to conceal the failures of this kind.

"One night he minutely related the dreary and dull details of a very commonplace case where he had operated, giving no inkling of the result. Sands, who was a great tease, could not resist the temptation to ask, 'And was the operation successful, Dr. P——? 'Yes, sir,' was the reply, 'but the patient died on the table.' And thereafter, recovering from his evident chagrin, he proceeded to relate the second case in the same aggravatingly stupid manner, omitting the conclusion. Every one saw the roguish twinkle in Sands's eye, who repeated his original query. In a condition of great irritability and annoyance the old doctor petulantly and jerkily replied after a demoralizing pause, 'And he died also, sir.'

"Although this was at a time prior to the introduction of aseptic surgery, some of his failures were probably explained by the fact that he washed his instruments in the tubs of the laundry which was back of his basement office."

Dr. Hamilton's recollections of the stage extend back nearly sixty years. He has much to say of plays and players. Of Augustin Daly's company he remarks:

"It was Augustin Daly who translated and 'adapted' several German farces and light comedies. While as a rule they were very amusing and well done they exhaled the atmosphere of a certain shoddy society which was made offensive by the antics and dress of several male members of the company who had probably never off the stage worn evening dress.

"One jeune premier, following the mode of the lower East Side, wore upon his wide and very glossy shirt bosom a Roman cross made with diamonds, and another had gigantic detachable shirt cuffs which he took pains to display suddenly by a peculiar motion of his forearms, this feat of gymnastics gaining for him the sobriquet of 'the cuff shooter.'"

A mention of "The Black Crook" inspires a defence of the ladies of the ballet:

"Most ill informed people know very little about the morality of the ballet dancer. My knowledge enables me to say that perhaps it is higher than any other following that belongs to the stage, and certainly the conscientious women who follow this calling are the most consistent and lead admirable domestic lives. They are usually very ambitious, and as for work, there is not enough to be said in their favor.

"I have for some time known Mlle. Adeline Genee, who married France Isitt, the business agent of the Duke of Norfolk. No mention need be made of her talent or of her industry. Not only does she spend hours planning new ballets and drilling her dancing corps, but no one does such an amount of real hard work. I hear that when she last went on tour she ordered sixty pairs of dancing slippers and wore these out long before the season was over."

Dr. Hamilton saw much of Gilbert, the playwright, both in this country and subsequently in London. He always was ready for a sinister joke, except when beside himself with rage when he found that others were pirating his work or attempting to alter his book. One can imagine his withering sarcasm shown upon an occasion when in New York a certain manager suggested that he should localize the libretto and introduce into "Pinafore" the name of a certain American naval officer.

"He as always kind to the chorus girls, who as a rule are always damned and bullied when they are stupid. Of course there were the little rows and bickerings that one always finds among theatrical people. One day a litle chorus girl came to him with tears in her eyes and said:

"'Oh, Mr. Gilbert, what do you think that girl over there said about me? She said that I was no better than I should be,' to which Gilbert replied:

"'You are, my dear—you know you are,' and with this ambiguous assurance the girl dried her eyes and went smilingly back to her place in the rear rank of the chorus."

In London Dr. Hamilton came across celebrities in many fields. To illustrate the sharp wit of Charles Brookfield, who subsequently became censor of plays, he tells this anecdote: One night, years ago, when George Grossmith was giving his entertainment at St. George's Hall, he and C—— were dining together. After dinner Grossmith left for his work. C—— remarked that "none of the company could go and sit down at a piano and sing some songs and make £100." "No," said Brookfield, "but we don't look funny in dress clothes."

In discussing medical fame in England he writes:

"I may be pardoned for referring to a characteristically British product—the fashionable consultant. Many of these men have abandoned their early useful professional study, reading and research; and many of them have been the recipients of special marks of royal favor, while others have been made by accident. England, however, has not the monopoly of such men, and I have known many at home who by their 'beautifully expressive eyes,' or their 'wonderful magnetism,' or some other other Godlike quality, heralded with the exaggerations of a hysterical patient, have acquired the success denied a more modest and better equipped doctor.

"There are several consultants not more than a mile from the center of Mayfair who are largely sought for by Americans, one being a very large and pompous individual who has possibly 'just come from seeing the dear little princess,' and who in appearance resembles a butler, and in speech has the unction of a bishop."

Dr. Hamilton treats the question of medial experts at length. His conclusion may perhaps be summed up in his first sentence: "The execration of expert testimony by the courts, press and public is an instance of visiting the sins of the many upon the few." In connection with this subject he writes:

"It seems incredible that it should be so, but the expert is often called upon to pass upon the sanity of a judge or juror. I am prevented from mentioning the names of those that are dead and gone, but much trouble has occurred from the conduct and injuctice of the vindictive or befuddled occupants of the judge's chair who have lost their minds, and at least one much loved official, who died insane, in his last years fairly

(Continued on Page 7)

Patrick's Golf Clubs.

Finest Workmanship and Materials

$4.00 each.

Golf Balls $1.25 each.

Boyes, Bassett & Co.,

35 Nanking Road.

THE KAILAN MINING ADMINISTRATION

KAIPING Coal Coke

For all Industrial and Household Purposes

Offices: No. 1 Jinkee Road, Shanghai and Ramsay & Co., Hankow.

Refracting and Manufacturing Optician

Dr. John Goddard

Toric Lenses

Invisible Bifocals

Sun Glasses in Various Shades

W. T. Findley, M. D.

36 Nanking Road, Tel. 1928

The Shanghai Stores Co.

Gentlemen's Outfitters, Boot & Shoe Dealers.

21 NANKING ROAD,

Have received new consignments of

NEW SEASON'S GOODS

of everything appertaining to

MEN'S WEAR,

which we guarantee to be

ALL-BRITISH MANUFACTURE

"THETA," "WOLSEY" & "BRITANNIA"

All Wool "UNDERWEAR" Unshrinkable

Welch Margetson's Latest novelties in

Evening "DRESS VESTS" Exclusive Designs

"Silk Scarves" fringed with Colours of Famous Regiments, London Scottish, Argyll & Sutherland Highlanders, Gordons, Artists, Guards, R.A.M.C., etc.

The Shanghai Stores Co.

21 NANKING ROAD

Bringing Up Father — By George McManus

GOOD GRACIOUS· HE'S·WALKING IN HIS SLEEP-I MUST GET THE DOCTOR·
DOCTOR-WHAT SHALL I DO· EVERY NIGHT· JIGGS WALKS IN HIS SLEEP.
IT'S HIS NERVES- HE SHOULD GO AUTOING FRESH AIR IS WHAT HE NEEDS-GET HIM TO RUN THE CAR HIMSELF!
TWO WEEKS LATER
I WISH I HADN'T TAKEN THAT DOCTORS ORDERS!
H-O-N-K!!! H-O-N-K!!!
Z-Z-Z Z-Z!!
GEO MCMANUS

Love, Home and Table Topics By Clever Writers — **Daily Home Magazine Page** — *A Good Page to Read in the Leisure Hour*

Cheap Milk Is False Economy

By Woods Hutchinson, M.D.

It has been the constant contention of both health officers and milk committees of medical societies for nearly twenty years past, ever since Goler's splendid pioneer work in Rochester and his "Rochester standard" of purity, which has gone round the world, that dirty milk didn't even pay the producer in the long run! That he would save so much loss and wastage from souring and spoiling, and low fat percentages and epidemics among his customers and consequent loss of trade, by strict cleanliness in every detail about his barn and in his milk houses and cans, that it actually paid him to be clean, even if he got no increase in price.

Secondly, that clean, pure, first class milk could be produced and sold to the customer at an additional expense of not more than one cent per quart over the prevailing price, that is, to say, on an average, the country over, at six cents in the country and eight cents in the large cities.

Thirdly, that if anything like reasonable intelligence and up-to-date methods of distribution were introduced, with co-operation between dealers and merchants instead of petty jealousy and suspicion and throat-cutting, the higher cost of clean milk could be reduced at least two cents a quart.

With singular fidelity to detail, all these claims, one after another, have been now practically admitted and accepted by both dairymen and distributors—this as the result of the recent "milk-war" in New York and Boston. The high cost of city distribution, for instance, has just been most graphically illustrated by the offer of one of the largest milk companies to supply grade B milk, now selling at ten cents a quart, at eight cents to customers who will come to its shop and take the milk home with them, a reduction of two cents, or 20 per cent.

Public Not Blameless

But it is easy to see with great clearness the faults of the other fellow. And while sternly pointing out the now self-confessed shortcomings of both the dairymen and the milk dealer, it is only fair that the public should frankly recognise and admit that it is itself by no means wholly blameless for the long and costly delay, ten years at the very least, in settling the milk question and settling it right.

In the first place, because it has been, in the main, either too stingy or too unintelligent to make any distinction between milk and milk. Milk is milk to it, just as "eggs is eggs," and it will eagerly buy under that soothing title any sort of white, opaque, thickish fluid which is not obviously curled or visibly blackened with dirt.

The first and principal question which it asks is, "What's the price?" and the dairyman that names the lowest one will get the bulk of its trade. It is simply incredible what penuriousness and false economy well-to-do and otherwise intelligent citizens will display over the price of milk.

Education Came Slowly

I have actually known wealthy families, who when advised by their physician to secure certified milk for their children, would order one pint a day of this expensive fluid for the baby and four quarts of swill milk for the rest of the children and family, just because one cost ten and the other six cents a quart.

Up to ten or fifteen years ago, outside of the great cities, and still to some degree yet in the rural districts, any dairyman who charged more than five cents a quart for milk was looked upon as a robber. Then the dead line was gradually advanced to seven cents, where it still hangs. The practical result has been that any dairyman who was really ambitious to clean up and supply his customers with a good quality of milk was most uncertain of getting a fairly remunerative price for his product.

Indeed, it is hardly too much to say that the average market price of milk, until just within recent years, ruled steadily at a level barely at and often below the price at which clean, sanitary, first-class milk could fairly be produced.

This was both a handicap to the intelligent, progressive dairyman and a premium on the ignorant, careless farmer, who was short-sighted enough simply to produce the milk which he could sell at the widest margin of profit. It is true that this policy of producing any sort of old milk that could get by the then often inadequate systems of inspection didn't pay in the long run, but it took this class of producer years to find that out, and in the meantime tons upon tons of dirt and filth and germs were dumped into the great American stomach under the covering mantle of the name of milk.

A famous producer of high-class milk, who has made a comfortable fortune and an inter-State reputation by the excellence of his product, once said to me, "When I first started in this business, Doc, I used to talk with the other farmers near me and try to get them to follow the same lines and make a reputation for our neighborhood and county milk. Some did, but most of them wouldn't hear of it; said they simply couldn't afford to spend all that time and expense in cleaning up and fussing around.

"But I've lived long enough to notice" (here a twinkle appeared deep in the eye of the speaker) "that most of the men who couldn't afford to clean up have gone out of the milk business sooner or later. The milkman that hasn't time to keep clean hasn't time to make money."

"What is your Moral Worth?"

Alienists Anecdotes Of the Great

(Continued from Page 6)

emulated Lord Braxfield, the Scotch hanging judge, in the severity of his sentences.

"I have been consulted by dissenting lawyers in cases when jurymen have actually gone mad during a trial, or have been epileptic, or have indulged in alcoholic excesses in the jury room. Strange to say, it is rarely that such a happening is allowed to interrupt a trial or interfere with a verdict.

"Sometimes a case may be sent to an eccentric or paranoiac lawyer, who is in every way unfit to pass intelligent judgment upon the evidence. I remember an instance of this kind where the referee absolutely ignored the testimony of the medical men and produced an opinion of his own, giving his 'scientific' views in a truly astonishing way. As a psychopathic exhibition it was a curiosity. Such a man is really more dangerous than an ignorant one."

In 1907, when certain litigation was started against Mrs. Mary Baker G. Eddy, head of the Christian Science Church, Dr. Hamilton was called on to examine her as to her sanity. He found her an erect, little old person dressed in black silk. At her throat was a small diamond coronet brooch. Dr. Hamilton was immediately impressed with the extraordinary intelligence of her eyes. She had an unusual familiarity with business affairs. Dr. Hamilton views rather favorably the possibilities suggested by Christian Science and remarks:

"The real usefulness of this body is to heal by suggestion, as has been done in all ages; at every European and Oriental shrine is a collection of votive offerings made by nervous invalids who have been made whole by psychic means. These things are mute witnesses of the power of the mind over the body. Perhaps some day the world generally will recognize the fact that a large number of so-called organic and apparently incurable diseases are after all only functional. Modern psychiatry has made this very clear, if it was not before, and the study of the strange results of mental concentration upon some organ of the body, as well as obsessions and wishes, is clearing away the fog of ignorance."

Simulation of insanity as a defence by persons accused of crime is common. An actor named Harry Rose, who had murdered his wife, practically established a school for simulators in the Tombs and subsequently at Sing Sing; but Dr. Hamilton thinks that all feigners should be detected in time by the trained observer.

Of the three murderers of Presidents of the United States he pronounces John Wilkes Booth, assassin of Lincoln, to have been clearly of unsound mind. Guiteau, assassin of Garfield, was by no means insane. Of Guiteau's trial Dr. Hamilton says:

"The trial lasted seventy-two days, and I spent three weeks in the foul courtroom, breathing the worst of bad air emanating from the diseased lungs of scores of dirty negroes and the unwashed bodies of filthy loungers whose damp clothes fairly reeked with all sorts of stinks. The windows were usually closed, and the place was heated to an insufferable degree.

"Many good men contracted disease, and the trial had to be halted because of the illness of a juryman and again by the illness of the wife of another. Not a few died subsequently. Though Guiteau cursed us all, it was not his anathemas that did the work, but the mephitic air.

"In this connection, however, superstitious persons have commented upon the untimely deaths of an unusual number of participants, including Judge Cox, the lawyers of the prosecution—District Attorney Corkhill, Judge Porter and Mr. Davidge—several of the jurors and some of the prominent experts. My dear friend Dr. A. E. MacDonald died of tuberculosis, evidently contracted at this time. When he was sentenced Guiteau said: 'My blood will be on the heads of the jury, don't forget it'; and later, 'God will avenge this outrage.'"

Czolgosz, assassin of McKinley, was clearly demented, according to Dr. Hamilton, who calls his trial a travesty of justice. Gallagher, who shot Mayor Gaynor, is declared not to have been insane.

Enough quotations have been given to indicate the wide range of Dr. Hamilton's book. Here is a final extract giving Dr. Hamilton's opinion of the Thaw case:

"I have already spoken of expert testimony and its evils, and no one need look for a more gross illustration than the Thaw case, which dragged its slow and disreputable course over nine years. The lavish use of money enabled the defendant and his mother to employ a perfect cloud of so-called experts, the testimony of some at different times being contraditory and worthless. As the first person engaged, and one who had the honor of not testifying at all, except under compulsion and without reward, I watched with interest and disgust the collapse of this kind of testimony and its complete repudiation by Justices and juries.

"In the beginning no one had much faith in the reality of Thaw's mental disorder, which Mr. William Travers Jerome called 'Pittsburg insanity,' but later he and his own medical men finally realized the existence in the defendant of a chronic mental degeneration (this opinion was borne out by the defendant's extraordinary letters, papers and will), and when in the service of the State made a persistent fight to return him to Matteawan. It is quite possible that had there not been active political and personal objections to Mr. Jerome upon the part of Gov. Whitman and others the trial would have ended differently, for he was the only lawyer in the case who had fully mastered it and knew almost as much about mental disease as the doctors themselves."

Neuchatel White Wine

Is a Swiss dry wine which compares favorably with the first class Hocks and Moselle.

Mauler's Swiss Champagne

Is made of Neuchatel grapes. It is an excellent sparkling Wine.

Try them

Sole Agents for China

HIRSBRUNNER & CO.

"The Swiss House."

1 Nanking Road. Telephone 218

This is the Victrola XVI, $200
Victrola XVI, Electric, $250

Victrola
—the entertainer for all occasions

No matter who your guests may be, or what kind of music they prefer, you can always entertain them to perfection on the Victrola.

Nothing could be easier to provide, and at the same time nothing could be more enjoyable.

Come in and see the different styles of the Victor and Victrola ($10 to $400) and hear your favorite selections. Easy terms to suit your convenience if desired.

VICTOR AGENTS

S. Moutrie & Co., Ltd.

"Rusticide" *ready for use.*

Black Bitumenous Coating for use on Iron, Steel and Zinc.

Rust-resisting, and withstands salt and fresh water, chemical fumes, dilute acids and alkali.

—For—

Shipwork, collierywork, metal chimneys and all iron work in proximity to fumes of sulphur, carbonic acid and chlorine. Specially suitable for ironwork structures in tidal waters where the combined influences of immersion, weather and sun have to be combated.

Not *a decorative article.*

Wilkinson, Heywood & Clark, Ltd. WHC

SHANGHAI

USE

Del Monte

CANNED FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

PACKED WHERE THEY RIPEN--THE DAY THEY'RE PICKED

FOR SALE BY ALL FIRST-CLASS DEALERS.

Connell Bros. Company,

AGENTS.

INTERNATIONAL CLEANING AND DYEING WORKS

F. 126 Bubbli g Wel Rd.

have opened a new receiving office at 6A Broadway

(Scotch Bakery)

ADVANTAGES OF GAS RADIATORS:

1. Cheap.
2. Clean.
3. Portable.
6. Perfect Combustion therefore, No Waste.
7. Enormous Heating Power.
8. Minimum Gas Consumption.
9. Maximum Heat.

Hire:—50 cents per month.

SHANGHAI GAS CO., LTD.

Office, 5 Thibet Road.

Showroom, 29 Nanking Road.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL NEWS

BENJAMIN AND POTTS SHARE LIST

Yesterday's Prices

STOCK	Quotations Closing
Banks	
H. K. and S. B.	$680 S.
Chartered	£59 10s.
Russo-Asiatic	R. 250.
Cathay, ordy	Tls. 4.10
Cathay, pref	Tls. 6
Marine Insurances	
Canton	$400
North China	Tls. 152½
Union of Canton	$945.
Yangtsze	$257½
Fire Insurances	
China Fire	$160
Hongkong Fire	$375
Shipping	
Indo-China Pref.	Tls. 128
Indo-China Def.	
"Shell"	106s.
Shanghai Tug (o)	Tls. 18½
Shanghai Tug (f)	Tls. 50
Kochien	Tls. 23
Mining	
Kaiping	Tls. 10¼
Oriental Cons.	29s. 3d.
Philippine	Tls. 1
Raub	$2¾
Docks	
Hongkong Dock	$133
Shanghai Dock	Tls. 86B.
New Eng. Works	Tls. 13½
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf	Tls. 82
Hongkong Wharf	$84 B.
Lands and Hotels	
Anglo-French Land	Tls. 92
China Land	Tls. 50
Shanghai Land	Tls. 91
Weihaiwei Land	Tls. 3.
Central Stores	$8½.
China Realty (ord.)	Tls. 50.
China Realty (pref.)	Tls. 50.
Cotton Mills	
E-wo	Tls. 167½
E-wo Pref.	Tls. 105
International	Tls. 67½
International Pref.	Tls. 75
Laou-kung-mow	Tls. 80
Oriental	Tls. 44
Shanghai Cotton	Tls. 114
Kung Yik	Tls. 14½ B.
Yangtzepoo	Tls. 6½
Yangtzepoo Pref.	Tls. 101
Industrials	
Butler Tile	Tls. 23
China Sugar	$129
Green Island	$12.10 Sa.
Langkats	Tls. 20 B.
Major Bros.	Tls. 5
Shanghai Sumatra	Tls. 165
Stores	
Hall and Holtz	$15 B.
Llewellyn	$60
Lane, Crawford	$90
Moutrie	$35
Watson	$6¾ B.
Weeks	$18 S.
Rubbers (Local)	
Alma	Tls. 12½
Amherst	Tls. 1½
Anglo-Java	Tls. 10.85 B.
Anglo-Dutch	Tls. 5½ B.
Ayer Tawah	Tls. 40
Batu Anam 1913	Tls. 1¾
Bukit Toh Alang	Tls. 5
Bute	Tls. 1.70
Chemor United	Tls. 1.60 B.
Chempedak	Tls. 16
Cheng	Tls. 2¾ B.
Consolidated	Tls. 3¼ B.
Dominion	Tls. 13 S.
Gula Kalumpong	Tls. 9 S.
Java Consolidated	Tls. 19½ B.
Kamunting	Tls. 6 B.
Kapala	Tls. 1.10.
Kapayang	Tls. 30½
Karan	Tls. 16.
Kota Bahroes	Tls. 11
Kroewoek Java	Tls. 18½ B.
Padang	Tls. 13 B.
Pengkalan Durian	Tls. 10¼
Permata	Tls. 5¾
Repah	Tls. 1.60
Samagagas	Tls. 1 B.
Seekee	Tls. 8¾
Semambu	Tls. 1.85
Senawang	Tls. 15 B.
Shanghai Klebang	Tls. 1.20
Shanghai Malay	Tls. 7 B.
S'hai Malay-Pref.	Tls. 13.
Shanghai Pahang	Tls. 1½ B.
Sungala	Tls. 1½ B.
Sungei Duri	Tls. 11 B.
Sua Manggis	Tls. 6.80
S'hai Kalantan	Tls. 1.20
Shanghai Seremban	Tls. 1.20
Taiping	Tls. 2½
Tanah Merah	Tls. 1.02½
Tebong	Tls. 27
Ulobri	Tls. 1½ B.
Ziangbe	Tls. 6 B.
Miscellaneous	
C. I. and E. Lumber	Tls. 110
Culty Dairy	Tls. 10 S.
S'hai Elec. and Asb.	$ 2
Shanghai Trams	Tls. 83
Shanghai Gas	Tls. 24.
Horse Bazaar	Tls. 30
Shanghai Mercury	Tls. 30.
S'hai Telephone	Tls. 88S.
S'hai Waterworks	Tls. 265

S., Sellers. Sa., Sales. B., Buyers.

Benjamin & Potts, 6 Jinkee Road

Telephone No. 398.

"BICKERTON'S"
PRIVATE HOTEL
Established 20 years.
162 Bubbling Well Road. Seven minutes from Bund by trams, which stop at the door. Strictly first-class cuisine under the personal supervision of the proprietress. 60 rooms, separate baths, with hot and cold water, electric light. Tel. W. 1271.

Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, December 7, 1916.

Money and Bullion

Gold Dollar Bank's buying rate 84¾ = Tls. 1.18 @ 72.3 = $1.63

	Tls.
Mex. Dollars: Market rate.	72.175
S'hai Gold Bars: 978 touch	—
Bar Silver	—
Copper Cash	1772
Sovereigns:	
Buying rate @ 3/6—Tls.	5.71
Exch. @ 72.3 = Mex. $	7.90
Peking Bar	Tls. 306½
Native Interest	.08

Latest London Quotations

Bar Silver	36⅛ d.
Bank rate of discount	6%
Market rate of discount:—	
3 m-s.	%
4 m-s.	%
6 m-s.	%
Exchange on Shanghai, 60 d-s.	
Ex., Paris on London Fr.	27.80
Ex., N. Y. on London T.T.	$ 476⅝
Consols	£ —

Exchange Closing Quotations

London	T.T.	3-6
London	Demand	3-6 1/16
India	T.T.	259½
Paris	T.T.	486½
Paris	Demand	487
New York	T.T.	83⅜
New York	Demand	83½
Hongkong	T.T.	70 nominal
Japan	T. T.	61¼
Batavia	T.T.	202½

Bank's Buying Rates

London	nominal 4 m-s. Cdts.	3-7 1/16
London	nominal 4 m-s. Docy.	3-7 1/16
London	nominal 6 m-s. Cdts.	3-7¾
London	nominal 6 m-s. Docy.	3-7⅞
Paris	nominal 4 m-s.	502½
New York	nominal 4 m-s.	86⅜

CUSTOMS HOUSE RATE OF EXCHANGE FOR DECEMBER

£1 = Hk. Tls.		5.12
Hk. Tls. 1 = Francs		5.43
" " 1 = Marks		†4.44
Gold $1 = Hk. Tls.		1.08
Hk. Tls. 1 = Yen		1.82
" " 1 = Rupees		2.93
" " 1 = Rouble		3.34
" " 1 = Mex.		$1.50

† Nominal.

Stock Exchange

Transactions

Shanghai, December 7, 1916.

TODAY'S QUOTATIONS

Official

Hall and Holtz $16.00
Shanghai Cotton Tls. 114.00 Dec.
Almas Tls. 12.50
Anglo-Javas Tls. 11.00 December
Java Consolidated Tls. 20.00 Dec.
Kroewoeks Tls. 18.50 December
Shanghai Pahangs Tls. 1.50

Sharebrokers' Association

Transactions

Shanghai, December 7, 1916.

BUSINESS DONE

Official

Chengs Tls. 3.00 cash
Anglo-Javas Tls. 11.00 cash
Anglo-Javas Tls. 11.00 December

Direct

Kungyiks Tls. 14.75 cash

The Cathay Trust, Ltd.

Paid-up Capital £220,899

LOANS, AT LOW RATES OF INTEREST, GRANTED ON APPROVED SECURITIES.

J. C. DYER. Manager.

J. A. WATTIE & Co., Ltd.

Secretaries and General Managers,
10 Canton Road, Shanghai.

"Write for—

"A Brief Explanation of the Principles upon which Life Assurance in Founded,"

to

Head Office.

The China Mutual Life Insurance Company, Ltd.

10 Canton Road,
Shanghai.

British-America Assurance Co.

The undersigned, as agents for the above company, are prepared to grant policies against Fire on Foreign and Native Risk at Current Rates.

FRAZAR & Co.

Cotton Market Report

Messrs. J. Spunt and Co., write as follows in their weekly Cotton market report:—

Chinese Cotton.—The continued tightness in the money markets is mostly responsible for the present inactivity in the Cotton trade; prices ruling more or less the same at last week and with scarcely any business transpiring. Tone of the market, Quiet to Steady.

Liverpool:

Egyptian Cotton, F. G. F. Brown	20.50
Price of Fine M. C. Bengal	8.80
Price of Mid-Americans	11.99
Price of Mid-Americans last reported	12.21
Tone of market, Steady.	
New York Market:—	
Price of Mid-American. Jan.	20.09
Price of Mid-American. March	20.04
Tone of market, Steady.	
Indian Market:—	
(February/March shipment)	
Broach	74¾
Hinganghat	72
Yoetmal	68¾
F. Bengal	58
Akola and Nagpur	71½
Easy.	

London Rubber Market

Reuter's Service

London, December 5.—Today's Rubber prices were:—

Plantation First Latex:
Spot: 3s. ½d. paid.
January to June: 2s. 1d. paid.
Tendency of Market: Firm.
Stocks at London and Liverpool 10,194 tons.

Last Quotation, London, Dec. 4:—
Spot: 2s. 11¼d. paid.
January to June: 2s. 11⅜d. paid.
Tendency of Market: Firm owing to American demand.

U. K. METAL MARKET

Reuter's Service

London, December 5.—Today's metal prices were:—

	£	s.	d.
Standard Copper G. M. B. f. o. b.	152	0	0
American Electrolytic 99 90% Copper f. o. b.	168	10	0
Lead L. B. c. i. f. per ton	Nominal.		
Soft Lead "Spanish" f. o. b.	30	0	0
Quicksilver, Second hand Ex Warehouse f. o. b. (1s. Extra in flask)	18	15	0
Tinplates, I. C. W. 20/24 100 lbs. 112 Sheets per Case tin lined Cases without Hoops f. o. b. Wales (Nominal)	0	31	0
Muntz Metal. f. o. b. London or Liverpool (less ½%)	18d.		
Standard Tin (Cash)	188	0	0
Spelter (ordy soft) f. o. b.	57	0	0
Galvanized Sheets 24 Gauge f. o. b.	26	5	0
Standard Tin (3 Months)	189	15	0

COMMERCIAL CABLES

Reuter's Service

London, December 5.—Today's rates, prices and deliveries were:—

Consols 2½% for a/c	£54½
Cheques on London at Paris	Fr. 27.80
T.T. on London at New York	G. $4.76¼
Bar Silver (Spot)	36 1/16 d.
Bank of England Rate of Discount	6%
Market rate of Discount	5 5/16%
Cotton; Egyptian F. G. F.	20.50d.
Cotton; M. G. Fine Scinde and Bengal	8.35d.
Cotton; Mid American Spot	11.71d.
Plantation Rubber December (paid)	3s. 0¾ d.

Deliveries China Silk Nil Bales.
Deliveries Canton Silk Nil Bales.
Deliveries Japan Silk Nil Bales.
Tone of Tea Market Steady.
Rubber Stocks at London and Liverpool 10,194 tons.

LANGKAT DAILY OUTPUT

The following telegraphic information has been received by the general agent from the Sumatra director and manager of the Maatschappij tot Mijn-Bosch-en Landbouwexploitatie in Langkat:

"The output of crude oil for December 5 was 116 tons."

ASTOR HOUSE HOTEL,
TIENTSIN.

Cable Address:
ASTOR.

The leading Hotel in Tientsin. Delightfully situated, facing Victoria Park, and located in the Centre of the Town's Life and Business.

Spacious and Luxurious Dining and Reception Rooms.

Comfortable Bedrooms with Bath; Double, Single or En Suite.

First-Class Cuisine and Selected Cellar, under Foreign Supervision.

Central Heating, Electric Light, Modern Sanitary Arrangements.

Hotel Motor-Omnibus and Porters meet all Trains and Boats.

THE MANAGEMENT.

November Rubber Outputs

Messrs. Hugo Reiss and Co. have reveived the following cable from Messrs. Kimmel and Co., London:—

Spot price standard quality Ribbed Smoked Sheet 3s. ¾d.

Spot price standard quality First Crepe 3s. ¾d.

Market firm, not so active.

Shanghai Tramways

The following is the Traffic Return of the Shanghai Tramways (Foreign Settlement) for the week ended December 6, 1916, with figures for the corresponding week last year: —

	1916	1915
Gross Receipts	$32,874.36	$33,378.07
Loss by currency depreciation	6,903.42	9,055.39
Effective Receipts	$25,970 94	$24,322.68
Percentage of loss by currency depreciation	22.11	28.44
Car miles run	80,014	78,904
Passengers carried	1,490,268	1,490,911

News Brevities

The committee of the Masonic Club regret that, owing to unforeseen circumstances, the "At Home" proposed to be held on the 16th inst. has had to be unavoidably postponed.

* * *

Mr. Archie Wong-wai, an Hawaiian-born Chinese, who arrived in this city a few days ago, has entered the employ of Andersen, Meyer and Co., Ltd., in the cash register department. Mr. Wong-wai is a graduate of the salesmanship and repair schools of the National Cash Register Co., of Dayton, Ohio.

* * *

Certain parcels left in the packing room during the Nurseryland bazaar have not been called for. These, which bear the following numbers, 106, 507, 8, 405, may be obtained from Mrs. Billings, 4 Route Pottier.

* * *

A meeting of the Royal Asiatic Society will be held in the lecture hall, 5 Museum Road, on Thursday, December 14, at 5.30 p.m., when a lecture will be given by Dr. Herbert Chatley, on "Magical Practice in China." The meeting is open to the public.

* * *

The three robbers who made an invasion of Nanking Road shops paid heavily for their misdeeds yesterday when the Mixed Court sentenced them to ten years' imprisonment each and expulsion from the Settlement. There were in all six charges against the men. Two receivers of part of the stolen property were charged in the French Mixed Court and sent to prison for three months and two weeks respectively.

* * *

The Japanese Government has been considering measures to prohibit enemy trading in Japan to meet the desire of the Powers allied to Japan and it has been decided to effect the prohibition so far as it does not affect the special interests necessary to be maintained in Japan. The measures decided on have been placed before the Privy Council, which will shortly have a special committee to investigate into the same.

* * *

It is reported that Sir Richard Dane has obtained leave of absence for two weeks to secure medical attendance in Japan.

* * *

The Flagship Brooklyn's band, by kind permission of Admiral Winterhalter, is to play during dinner at the Palace Hotel tomorrow evening and afterwards at the ball which has been arranged for the occasion.

* * *

Under the auspices of the Chinese Chamber of Commerce special performances are being given for several nights at a big Chinese theater in Kiukiang Road in aid of the funds to repatriate revolutionary troops. It is believed that the theater is costing $1,000 a night and on the opening night—Wednesday—it is understood several thousand dollars profit was cleared. Last night's performance was also very largely attended.

* * *

The one day race meeting towards 'Xmas, which was mentioned as probable in last Sunday's THE CHINA PRESS, may take place on the Shanghai track. The China New Year meet at Kiangwan is to cover four days.

ITALIAN SUCCESS

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, December 6.—An Italian official communique reports: The enemy attempted to approach Scatolari, but were driven off. There were intense artillery actions between Gorizia and the sea.

TIENTSIN AND PEKING CARPETS AND RUGS

of all patterns and descriptions, and of first-class quality.

SPECIAL WHOLESALE RATES.

Manufactured by

YU FENG TSCHENG & CO.,

18-20 Rue Paul Beau,
Shanghai.

11650

AMUSEMENTS

APOLLO THEATRE

Programme for December 8th, 9th and 10th

TONIGHT! TONIGHT!!

"HIS MOTHER'S CALL"

IN THREE PARTS

A very interesting film story of the present War, featuring Henri Krauss, the famous French Actor.

Pathe's British and American Gazettes

Depicting latest happenings of the World.

CHARLES CHAPLIN

The inimitable Comedian in another farce comedy, entitled:

"A WOMAN"

IN TWO REELS.

It is a riot of fun from beginning to end.

"WINTER SPORTS—SLEIGHING" "RASTUS' RABID RABBIT HUNT"

A beautiful scenic picture. *Comedy Cartoon.*

VICTORIA THEATRE

TONIGHT

The Beautiful Masterpiece

"DENISE"

After the Famous Work of Alexandre Dumas

The Last Four Nights of AMBROSE & PEGGY BARKER

The greatest entertainers ever appeared in Shanghai

OLYMPIC THEATRE

TONIGHT

New Programme

SHOWING

The magnificent and stupendous cinema production of modern times

"Victory of Virtue"

It is the latest and most ambitious achievement in the cinema field.

To enjoy it thoroughly the spectator will need an open mind, human sympathy and some imagination.

All Christians will be stirred by "Victory of Virtue." It is a prayer for a return to the first teachings of the church.

Do not fail to see it.

TOWA CINEMA THEATRE

Corner of Wuchang and Chapoo Roads.

Programme for Friday, Saturday and Sunday. 7th, 9th and 10th December.

MATINEE SUNDAY AFTERNOON.

"THE DIAMOND FROM THE SKY."

MOST WONDERFUL SERIAL, in 60 Parts.
Showing 4 Parts with each change of Programme.

Containing the most Emotional, Sensational, Startling and Thrilling Incidents.

"A SWELL PICTURE," as Pronounced by the whole Cinema World.

$10,000 Gold Paid for the Scenario of this Picturized Novel.

Showing 15th and 16th Episodes, entitled:

"Desperate Chances"
and
"The Path of Peril"

Also Keystones, Chaplins and Other Comics.

Dress Circle Seats ..... 30 Cents.

SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW-NINGPO RAILWAY.

Opening of Connecting Line & Alterations in Time Table.

On Tuesday, 12th December, 1916, the Connecting Line between the Shanghai-Nanking and Shanghai-Hangchow-Ningpo Lines will be opened for public traffic.

All Main Line Trains to and from Hangchow will have through communication with Shanghai North and the new Jessfield and Siccawei Stations.

From December 12th the services on the Main Line and Ningpo Section will be revised, the principal Main Line alterations being as follows:—

		Fast.	Slow.	Express.
Shanghai North	dep.	7.35	8.55	14.00
Jessfield	,,	8.00	9.20	14.25
Siccawei	,,	8.11	9.31	14.36
Shanghai South	dep.	8.00	9.20	14.30
Sungkiang	arr.	9.09	10.47	15.26
	dep.	9.13	10.55	15.28
Kashing	arr.	10.25	12.26	16.36
	dep.	10.35	12.36	16.46
Hangchow	arr.	12.43	15.16	18.42

		Fast.	Slow.	Express.
Hangchow	dep.	7.15	8.40	14.40
Kashing	arr.	9.30	11.22	16.28
	dep.	9.40	11.30	16.38
Sungkiang	arr.	10.54	12.59	17.46
	dep.	10.57	13.03	17.49
Shanghai South	arr.	12.05	14.23	18.50
Siccawei	dep.	11.56	14.15	18.41
Jessfield	,,	12.07	14.27	18.52
Shanghai North	arr.	12.30	14.50	19.15

Time-Tables, etc., will be ready for issue to the public on December 6th, 1916, and may be obtained, with any further information, from the Traffic Manager, Shanghai North, Telephone No. 900.

BY ORDER,
THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.

11781

The Charles H. Brown Paint Co.'s Products

are known the world over for their lasting and highly protective qualities. They have been proven by analytical tests to be 100% pure, each of their lines being therefore

A PERFECT PAINT

A large and varied stock is always kept on hand, so that all the requirements of the trade may be met.

If you have a room, a house, a roof, or anything else to paint, no matter how small or large the job, call on us or drop us a line, and our expert **foreign supervisor** will do the rest. The enquiry will cost you nothing. The job, if placed in our hands, will cost you no more than work undertaken without foreign supervision.

Sole Agents

THE CHINA-AMERICAN TRADING CO.

13A CANTON ROAD: TEL. 918

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1853.

Capital £1,200,000
Reserve Fund 1,800,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders 1,200,000

Head Office:
38 BISHOPSGATE, LONDON, E. C.

Court of Directors:
Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman.
Sir Henry S. Cunningham, K.C.I.E.
T. Cuthbertson, Esq.
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
W. H. Neville Goschen, Esq.
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

Bankers:
The Bank of England.
The London City & Midland Bank, Limited.
The London County & Westminster Bank, Limited.
The National Provincial Bank of England, Limited.
The National Bank of Scotland, Limited.

Agencies and Branches:

Amritsar	Iloilo	Puket
Bangkok	Ipoh	Rangoon
Batavia	Karachi	Saigon
Bombay	Klang	Seremban
Calcutta	Kobe	Singapore
Canton	Kuala-Lumpur	Shanghai
Cebu	Madras	Sourabaya
Colombo	Malacca	Taiping
Delhi	Manila	(F.M.S.)
Foochow	Medan	Tavoy (Lower
Haiphong	New York	Burma)
Hankow	Peking	Tientsin
Hongkong	Penang	Yokohama

Shanghai Branch, 18 The Bund.

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought and received for Collection. Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Account, according to arrangement.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

W. B. SUTHERLAND,
Manager.

BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE

Capital .....Frs. 48,000,000.00
Reserves .....Frs. 48,000,000.00

Succursales et Agences:

Bangkok	Hanoi	Saigon
Battambang	Hongkong	Shanghai
Canton	Mengtze	Singapore
Djibouti	Noumea	Tientsin
Dondichery	Peking	Tourane
Haiphong	Papeete	
Hankeou	Pnom-Penh	

Bankers:
IN FRANCE: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Pari et des Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et Commercial: Societe Generale.
IN LONDON: The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.: Comptoir National d'Escompte des Paris; Credit Lyonnais.

This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN,
Manager.

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Filiale de la Societe Generale de Belgique
Societe Anonyme
Paid-up Capital ....Frs. 30,000,000

Head Office: BRUSSELS.
London Office: 2 Bishopsgate
Branches at Peking, Tientsin, Alexandria, Cairo (Egypt), and Rotterdam.

President:
JEAN JADOT,
Gouvernor Societe Generale de Belgique.

Bankers:
LONDON Martin's Bank, Ltd.
BRUSSELS Societe Generale de Belgique.
ANTWERP: Banque d'Anvers.
PARIS: Banque de l'Union Parisienne, Societe Anonyme.
LYONS AND MARSEILLES: Comptoir National d'Escompte d'Paris.
NEW YORK: National City Bank of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts Taels and fixed deposits according to arrangements.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

W. A. HOEHN,
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital $15,000,000

Reserve Funds:—
Sterling £1,500,000 @ 2s. $15,000,000
Silver 18,000,000
$33,000,000

Reserve liability of Proprietors $15,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG.
Court of Directors:
W. L. Pattenden, Esq., Chairman.
S. H. Dodwell, Esq., Deputy
C. E. Anton Esq.
G. T. M. Edkins, Esq,. [Chairman.
C. S. Gubbay, Esq.
Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak.
J. A. Plummer, Esq.
Hon. Mr. E. Shellim.
Chief Manager:
Hongkong—N. J. STABB.

Branches and Agencies:

Amoy	Ipoh	Peking
Bankok	Johore	Penang
Batavia	Kobe	Rangoon
Bombay	Kualalumpur	Saigon
Calcutta	London	S. Francisco
Canton	Lyons	Shanghai
Colombo	Malacca	Singapore
Foochow	Manila	Sourabaya
Hankow	Nagasaki	Tientsin
Harbin	New York	Tsingtau
Iloilo		Yokohama

London Bankers:
London County and Westminster Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund.
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.
Local Bills Discounted.
Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

A. G. STEPHEN.
Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

	Roubles.
Capital (fully-paid)	55,000,000
Reserve Fund	24,600,000
	Kpg. Tls.
Capital Contributed by the Chinese Government	3,500,000
Reserve Fund	1,743,000

Head office: PETROGRAD.
Paris Office: 9, RUE Boudreau.
London Office: 64, Old Broad St., E.C.

Bankers:
LONDON: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.
PARIS: Societe General pour favoriser le Development du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France. Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
LYONS: Societe Gerenale pour favoriser le Development du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.

Far Eastern Branches and Agencies

Bombay	Hailan	Peking
Calcutta	Hankow	Shanghai
Chanchun	Harbin	Tientsin
(Kwan-chendze)	Hongkong	Tsingtau
	Newchwang	Vladivostock
Chefoo	Nicolayowsk	Yokohama
Dalny	(Dairen o-A	

85 Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Account and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars and Roubles. Terms on application.

Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.

Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.

SAFE DEPOSITS BOXES:

J. JEZIERSKI,
Q. CARRERE,
Managers for China and Japan

The Shanghai Commercial and Savings Bank, Ltd.

9, Ningpo Road.

Paid-up Capital $200,000

All kinds of banking business transacted.

Currency Exchange a speciality.

Special department for handling loans against warehouse receipts and other commercial paper.

Interest on Tael current accounts 2%.

Particular of interest allowed on Dollar current accounts and fixed deposits can be obtained on application.

K. P. CHEN,
General Manager.

The Bank of China.

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorised Capital $60,000,000
Paid-up Capital $10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.
Branches and Agencies:
Peking, Tientsin, Newchang, Mukden, Changchun, Harbin, Dairen, Tsinan, Tsingtau, Kaifung, Hankow, Ichang, Shanshi, Wuhu, Yangchow, Chinkiang, Nanking, Shanghai, Hangchow, Ningpo, Foochow, Canton, Nanchang, Taiyuen, etc., etc.

SHANGHAI BRANCH,
3 HANKOW ROAD.

Loans granted on approved securities, Local bills discounted. Interests allowed on Current Deposit Account in Taels at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum and on Fixed Deposits at the following rates:
For 3 months at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum.
For 6 months at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum.
For 12 months at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum.

SUNG HAN-CHANG,
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Savings Bank Office:
12 The Bund, and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than $1, or over $100, will be received at one time.

Not more than $1,200 will be received in one year from any single depositor whose credit balance shall not at any time exceed the sum of $5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent. per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Taels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered, Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

ffice Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

Banque Industrielle de Chine

Capital ..... Francs 45,000,000
One-third of the Capital, i. e. Frs. 15,000,000, subscribed by
THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC

Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11, 1913.

President, Andre Berthelot.
General Manager, A. J. Pernotte.

HEAD OFFICE
74, RUE ST. LAZARE, PARIS.
Branches in Peking, Tientsin and Shanghai
BANKERS:
In France: Societe Generale pour le Development du Commerce et du l'Industrie en France.
In London: London, County and Westminster Bank, Ltd.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

G. LION,
Manager.

1, French Bund, Shanghai.

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited

(Established 1880.)

Head Office: YOKOHAMA, JAPAN.

Capital Subscribed	Yen 48,000,000
Capital Paid-up	" 30,000,000
Reserve Fund	" 20,800,000

London Bankers:
Union of London & Smith's Bank, The London Joint Stock Bank, Parr's Bank, Ltd.

Branches and Agencies:

Antunghsin	London	Port Arthur
Bombay	Liaoyang	S. Francisco
Calcutta	Los Angeles	Singapore
Changchun	Lyons	Sydney
Dalny	Mukden	Sinanfu
Hankow	Nagasaki	Tiehling
Harbin	Newchwang	Tientsin
Hongkong	New York	Tokio
Honolulu	Osaka	Tsingtau
Kobe	Peking	

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars, according to arrangement.

Drafts granted on principal places in Japan, Korea Formosa and China and the chief commercial places in Europe, India and America, and every description of Banking and exchange business transacted.

K. KODAMA, Manager.

International Banking Corporation

Head Office:
National City Bank Building
55 Wall Street, New York

London Office:
36 Bishopsgate, E. C.

Capital paid-up	U.S. $3,250,000.00
Reserve and Undivided Profits	3,931,774.11
	U.S. $7,181,774.11

Branches at:

Bombay	Hongkong	Singapore
Calcutta	Kobe	San Francisco
Canton	London	Tientsin
Cebu	Manila	Yokohama
Colon (P.C.Z.)	Medellin	Peking
Hankow	Panama	Shanghai

Through its close affiliation with THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK, the Corporation is able to offer the special services of the Branches of that Institution in Cuba and South America:—BUENOS AYRES, HABANA, MONTEVIDEO, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTIAGO DE CUBA, SANTOS, SAO PAULO, VALPARAISO, BAHIA-BRAZIL.

The Corporation transacts every description of Banking and Exchange business, issues Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit and Travellers' Cheques, available in the United States of America and in all other parts of the world, and receives money on CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNT and on FIXED DEPOSIT upon terms which can be ascertained on application.

G. HOGG.
Manager.
1a Kiukiang Road, SHANGHAI.

Nederlandsche Handel Maatschappij

(NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY.)

Established 1824.
Paid-up Capital—
Guilds. 55,000,000 (about £4,583,333)
Reserve Fund—
Guilds. 9,925,431 (about £827,120)

Head-Office: AMSTERDAM.
Head Agency: BATAVIA
Agencies in Holland:
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.
Branches:

Banjermasin	Padang	Soerakarta
Bandoeng	Palembang	Tandjong Balei
Cheribon	Pekalongan	Tebing-Tinggi
Djember	Penang	Tegal
Djokjakarta	Pontianak	Telok-Betong
Hongkong	Rangoon	Tjilatjap
Kota-Radja	Semarang	Weltevreden
Makassar	Singapore	
Medan	Soerabaya	

London Bankers:—
Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents, and transacts banking business of every description.

Current accounts kept in taels and dollars.

SHANGHAI INTEREST ALLOWED on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

B. G. J. WYNBERG.
Manager

Commercial Bank of China

Head office: SHANGHAI

Subscribed Capital Sh. Tls. 5,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... Sh. Tls 2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interests allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:
For 3 months at 3% per annum
For 6 months at 4% per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum.
On Deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. C. MARSHALL,
Chief Manager.

The Bank of Canton, Limited.

Incorporated 1912.

Authorised Capital	H.	$2,000,000
Subscribed and Paid-up Capital	H.	$1,357,850
Reserve Fund	H.	$70,000

Head Office:
6, Des Voeux Road, Hongkong.

Shanghai Office: 2, Ningpo Road.

Drafts granted on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world, Bills of Exchange bought and received for collection and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Tael Current Accounts at 2% p.a. on daily balance and on Fixed Deposits:
For 3 months at 3% per annum.
For 6 months at 4% per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum.
On Deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

JUKUUN,
Manager.

The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.

Authorised Capital £1,500,000
Subscribed Capital 1,125,000
Paid-up Capital 562,500
Reserve Fund 550,000

HEAD OFFICE, 15 Gracechurch Street, LONDON, E. C.

London Bankers:
Bank of England.
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

Branches & Agencies.

Bombay	Howrah	Madras
Calcutta	Kandy	Penang
Colombo	Karachi	Port Louis
Delhi	Kota Bahru	(Mauritius)
Galle	(Kelantan)	Rangoon
Hongkong	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
	Singapore.	

Shanghai Branch.

EVERY description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Tael Current Accounts at 2% per annum and on Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

C. T. BEATH.
Acting Manager.

7 Nanking Road.

9753

BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Paid-up Capital: Kungping Taels 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.
Fifty Branches and Agencies In China.

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on current accounts and on fixed deposits in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Credit granted on approved securities and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

5559.

Provision Prices in Local Markets

Prices quoted are in Mexican dollars cents at Hongkew market, as compiled on December 5, 1916.

Butcher's Meat		
Beef	per lb.	14-20
Mutton	"	16-20
Pork	"	25-30
Veal	"	25-30
Fish		
Bream	per lb.	20-25
Cod	"	14-16
Mandarin	"	20-30
Mackerel	"	20-25
Pomfret	"	20-25
Salmon	"	16-20
Samli	"	none
Soles	"	20-25
Whitebait	"	15-20
Game, Poultry and Eggs		
Deer	each	1.80-2.00
Duck	"	40-80
Eggs	per doz.	18-20
Fowl	per lb.	16-18
Geese	each	70-1.00
Hare	"	30-35
Partridge	"	35-40
Pheasant	"	50-60
Pigeons	"	18-20
Plover	"	none
Quail	"	16-18
Snipe	"	14-16
Turkey	per lb.	45-50
Teal	each	14-16
Wild Duck		30-35
Wild Geese	"	30-35
Woodcock	"	50-60
Wild Pigeon	"	10-12
Fruit		
Apples	per lb.	12-20
Apricots	"	none
Bananas	"	6-7
Cherries	"	none
Cocoanuts	each	15-20
Chestnuts	per lb.	10-12
Figs	per doz.	none
Grapes	per lb.	15-20
Lemons	each	8-10
Lichees	per lb.	none
Mangoes	each	none
Mangosteens	per doz.	none
Melons	each	none
Oranges	each	6-8
Peaches	"	none
Persimmons	"	none
Pineapples	each	none
Peeboes	per lb.	none
Plums	"	none
Pumeloes	each	12-16
Pears	per lb.	8-15
Strawberries	"	none
Walnuts	"	10-12
Vegetables		
Artichokes	each	2-3
Asparagus	per doz.	none
Bamboo Shoots	per lb.	none
Broad Beans	"	4-5
Beetroot	per bunch	1-2
Cabbages	each	3-5
Celery	per bunch	8-10
Carrots	"	2-3
Cauliflower	each	10-15
Egg Plant	per lb.	none
French Beans	per lb.	6-8
Green Corn	each	none
Leeks	per bunch	2-3
Mushrooms	per lb.	none
Onions	per lb.	5-6
Peas	"	8-10
Potatoes	per pic.	$1.80-2.00
Parsnips	per lb.	2-3
Radishes	per bunch	1-2
Spinach	per lb.	2-3
Tomatoes	"	8-10
Turnips	per bunch	2-3
Grain and Flour		
Flour, American	per 50 lb.	$4.50
Flour, Shanghai	per 50 lb.	$2.40
Rice	per 200 lb.	$7.00
Milk		
Foreign dairies	per bottles	20
Chinese dairies	"	17
Fodder		
Barley	per 114 lbs.	$2.70
Bran	"	$2.00
Fuel		
House Coal	per ton	Tls. 11.60
Stove Coal	"	Tls. 17.50
Firewood	per 50 bundles	$1.00

E. KILNER
Chief Inspector.

Meteorological Readings

Thursday, December 7, 1916.

WEATHER	4 a.m.	9 a.m
Bar. at Centg., mm	768 62	769 33
" " Inches	30 26	30.29
Variation mm. for 24 h	†0 96	†1.15
Variation mm. for 12 h	†0 32	†0.17
Wind Direction	SW	NNW
Wind Kilom per hour	5	9
Wind Miles	3 1	5.6
Temperature Cen	0 9	8°7
Temperature Fahr	3° 6	47.7
Humidity: 0-10	100	77
Nebulosity: 0-10	0	0
Rainfall mm	—	—
Rainfall inches	—	—

DINNER AND DANCE

Palace Hotel

By kind permission of Admiral Winterhalter, the Band of the U. S. Flagship

" Brooklyn "

will play during dinner time, and at the

GRAND BALL

to be given on Saturday, December 9th. Supper will be served at midnight. Tables for dinner or supper may be reserved at the hotel office.

MENU

Hors d'Oeuvres
Creme Favourite
Consomme Poulle au Pot
Mandarin au Boeuf Noisette
Quail au Raisin
Filet Mignon Bernais
Asperges Vinaigrettes
Punch—New Century
Roast Saddle of Milk Lamb with Mint Sauce
Cauliflower au Gratin
French Beans Sautel
Boiled Potatoes
Fried Sweet Potatoes
Roast Turkey & Cranberry Sauce
Chassens & Green Salad
Charlotte a. la Russe
Coupes Edna-May
Petite Fours
Dessert
Cafe

GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Dec 10	..	New York via Panama	Tsushima maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
12	5.00	San Francisco	Venezuela	Am.	P.M.S.S.Co.
16	11.00*	San Francisco	Siberia maru	Jap.	A. T. Co.
18	D.L.	Boston & New York	Eurymedon	Br.	B. & S.
22	P.M.	San Francisco	Tenyo maru	Jap.	A. T. Co.
24	6.00*	Seattle, Victoria etc.	Tamba maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
30	P.M.	Vancouver B.C.	Empress of Russia	Br.	C. P. O. S.
Jan 2	P.M.	San Francisco	Ecuador	Am.	P. M. S. S. Co.
7	P.M.	San Francisco	Nippon maru	Jap.	T. K. K.
8	noon	Seattle, Victoria etc.	Shidzuoka maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.

FOR JAPAN PORTS

Dec 8	3.00	Nagasaki	Penza	Rus.	R. V. F.
9	10.30*	Nagasaki, Moji, Kobe	Hakuai maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
9	10.00*	Moji, Kobe	Namsang	Br.	J. M. & Co.
12		Kobe, Yokohama	Athos	Fr.	Cie M. M.
12	10.30*	Nagasaki, Moji, Kobe	Yamashiro maru	Jap.	N. Y. K
12	5.00	Kobe, Yokohama	Venezuela	Am.	P. M. S. S. Co.
14	A.M.	Kobe & Osaka	Kasuga maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
16	A.M.	Nagasaki, Moji, Kobe	Omi Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K
16	11.00*	Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama	Siberia maru	Jap.	A. T. Co.
19	A.M.	Nagasaki, Moji, Kobe	Chikugo maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
20	A.M.	Kobe, Yokohama	Suwa maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
24	A.M.	Kobe, Yokohama	Tamba maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
30	P.M.	Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama	Empress of Russia	Br.	C. P. O. S.

FOR EUROPE, INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

Dec 9	D.L.	London via Cape	Cyclops	Br.	B. & S.
11	D.L.	Liverpool via Cape	Oanfa	Br.	B. & S.
11	10.30*	Marseilles, London via Suez	Nankin	Br.	P. & O.
15	A.M.	Marseilles etc.	Amazone	Fr.	Cie M. M.
17	D.L.	Liverpool via Cape	Ningchow	Br.	B. & S.
17	D.L.	London via Cape	Keemun	Br.	B. & S.
20	P.M.	Genoa, London etc.	Gleniffer	Br.	Glen Line
22	D.L.	London via Cape	Peleus	Br.	B. & S.
24	9.00*	London via Hongkong etc	Kamo maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
27	D.L.	Liverpool	Eurypylus	Br.	B. & S.
31	1.30	London via Hongkong etc	Kashima maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Jan 3	D.L.	London via Cape	Teucer	Br.	B. & S.
6	A.M.	Marseilles etc.	Armand Behic	Fr.	Cie M. M.
7	A.M.	London etc.	Mishima maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
8	A.M.	Marseilles, London via Suez	Somali	Br.	P. & O.
17	D.L.	London via Cape	Phemius	Br.	B. & S.

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

Dec 8	4.00	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
8	10.00*	Swatow, Hongkong	Tamsui	Br.	B. & S.
10	11.00*	Takao, Foochow via Keelung	Keelung maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
10	D.L.	Hongkong, Canton	Vingchow	Br.	B. & S.
10	A.M.	Foochow	Haean	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
11	11.30*	Hongkong	Tamba maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
12	D.L.	Hongkong, Canton	Kiukiang	Br.	B. & S.
12	D.L.	Swatow, Hongkong, Canton	Wingsang	Br.	J.M. & Co.
13	A.M.	Hongkong	Hsinchang	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
14	D.L.	Amoy, Hongkong, Canton	Sinkiang	Br.	B. & S.
14	P.M.	Hongkong via Manila	Ecuador	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
18	5.00	Hongkong	Nippon maru	Jap.	T. K. K.
Jan 2	..	Hongkong	Empress of Japan	Br.	C. P. O. S.

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

Dec 8	10.00*	Weihaiwei, Chefoo, Tientsin	Tungchow	Br.	B. & S.
8	3.00	Vladivostock	Penza	Rus.	R. V. F.
8	9.00*	Tsingtao and Dalny	Kobe maru	Jap.	S. M. R.
8	A.M.	Tsingtao	Ono maru	Jap.	S. M. R.
8	10.00*	Haichow, Eching	Singan	Br.	B. & S.
8	1.00	do	Ningpo	Br.	B. & S.
8	10.00*	Chefoo	Kweilin	Br.	B. & S.
9	10.00*	Weihaiwei, Chefoo, Tientsin	Fengtien	Br.	B. & S.
9	10.00*	Dalny	Kohoku maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
10	..	Tientsin	Kwangping	Br.	K.M.A.
10	A.M.	Tsingtao and Dalny	Isshin maru	Jap.	S. M. R.
11	P.M.	Ichang & Shasi	Kwielee	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
12	noon	Weihaiwei, Chefoo, Tientsin	Shengking	Br.	B. & S.
12	noon	Dalny	Sakaki maru	Jap.	S. M. R.
12	D.L.	Haichow, Eching	Hunan	Br.	B. & S.
14	10.00*	Weihaiwei, Chefoo, Tientsin	Shuntien	Br.	B. & S.

FOR RIVER PORTS

Dec 8	M.N.	Hankow etc.	Talee maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
8	M.N.	do	Loongwo	Br.	J. M. & Co
8	M.N.	do	Tungting	Br.	B. & S.
9	M.N.	do	Ningshao	Chi.	N. S. Co.
9	M.N.	do	Ngankin	Br.	B. & S.
9	M.N.	do	Fengyang maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
10	M.N.	do	Kiangtoo	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
11	M.N.	do	Luenho	Br.	J. M. & Co.
11	M.N.	do	Kianghsin	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
12	M.N.	do	Wuchang	Br.	B. & S.
12	M.N.	do	Suiwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
13	M.N.	do	Kiangyung	Chi.	C.M.S.N.Co.
13	M.N.	do	Tatung	Br.	B. & S.
15	M.N.	do	Luenyi	Br.	B. & S.

*A.M. M.N.—Midnight. D.L.—Daylight.

Arrivals

Date	From	Ship's Name	Tons	Flag	Agents	Berth
Dec 7	Ningpo	Kiangteen	2012	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.	KLYW
Dec 7	Swatow	Ningpo	1228	Br.	B. & S.	WTW
Dec 7	Hongkong	Yingchow	216	Br.	B. & S.	WTW
Dec 7	Japan	Nagasaki maru	378	Jap.		
Dec 7	Foochow	Kohoku maru	628	Jap.	N.K.K.	LPDW
Dec 7	Japan	Banseigen maru	886	Jap.		
Dec 7	Japan	Hirado maru	885	Jap.		
Dec 7	Chefoo	Fengtien	1073	Br.	B. & S.	CNW
Dec 7	Dalny	Kobe maru	1536	Jap.	S. M. R.	SMRW
Dec 7	Chinwangtao	Aisuta maru	1147	Jap.		
Dec 7	Chinwangtao	Volund	1118	Nor.	K. M. A.	KMAW
Dec 7		Kweilin	1073	Br.	B. & S.	WTW

Departures

Date	For	Ship's Name	Tons	Flag	Agents
Dec 7	Haichow, Eching	Hangchow	1401	Br.	B. & S.
7	do	Wuhu	1227	Br.	B. & S.
7	Chefoo, Tientsin	Heinming	1428	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
7	Kobe & Osaka	Kumano maru	3147	Jap.	N. Y. K.
7	Hankow etc.	Kiangwah	1232	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
7	Amoy, Hongkong, Canton	Shantung	1368	Br.	B. & S.
7	Tsingtao, Dalny	Tencho maru	747	Jap.	S. M. R.
7	Weihaiwei, Chefoo, Tientsin	Kingsing	1223	Br.	J. M. & Co.
7	Kobe	Shirala	4898	Br.	D. S. & Co.
7	Dalny	Chiyoda maru	1490	Jap.	N.K.K.
7		City of Newcastle	4461	Br.	M. B. Co.
7	Ningpo	Kiangteen	2012	Chi.	C.M.S.N.Co.

Men-of-War In Port

Section	Date	From	Name	Flag and Rating	Tons	Guns	Men	Commander
B II	Dec. 2	Cruise	Brooklyn	Am cru.	9215	20	563	Day
8 p.	Oct. 21	Cruise	Elcano	Am g-b.	620	8	96	Briggs
P & O B I	Oct. 16	Cruise	Galveston	Am cru.	3200	18	309	Kellogg
Y T P D	Nov. 20	Cruise	Helena	Am g-b.	1392	8	159	Brotherton
8 p.	Nov. 8	Cruise	Monocacy	Am g-b.	190	2	47	Carter
7 p.	Oct. 25	Cruise	Villalobos	Am g-b.	370	6	54	Clarke

The French gunboats D. de Lagree and Decidee, the Japanese gunboats Fushimi, Sumida and Toba, and the British gunboat Woodlark are not included in this list, being dismantled.

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

HANKOW and PORTS.—The Co.'s Str. Talee Maru, Captain T. Honjoh, will be despatched from the Pootung N.K.K. Wharf on Friday, December 8 at about 12 o'clock midnight. This steamer has extra spacious Staterooms (electric fans fitted) European food of the best cuisine is provided. The last steam launch will leave Canton Road jetty at 11 p.m. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nisshin Kisen Kaisha, No. 5 The Bund. Tel. No. 3256.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The Co.'s Str. Fengyang Maru Captain S. Takano, will be despatched from N. Y. K. Wharf on Saturday, Dec. 9 at about 12 o'clock midnight. This steamer has extra spacious Staterooms (electric fans fitted). European food of the best cuisine is provided. The last steam launch will leave Canton Road jetty at 11 p.m. For freight and Passage apply to The Nisshin Kisen Kaisha. No. 5 The Bund. Tel. No. 3256.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The Str. Kiangfoo, Capt. A. S. Malcolm, will leave on Sunday night. For Freight or Passage apply to C. M. S. N. Co.

For Southern Ports

FOOCHOW.—The Str. Haean, Capt. F. H. Wallace, will leave on Sunday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C. M. S. N. Co.

HONGKONG.—The Str. Hsinchang, Capt. Wm. Munro, will leave on Tuesday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C. M. S. N. Co.

HONGKONG.—The s.s. Nippon Maru on Monday, December 18. The tender conveying passengers and mails will leave the Customs jetty at 5 p.m. For passage apply to The American Trading Company.

For Northern Ports

TIENTSIN DIRECT.—The Kailan Mining Administration s.s Kwangping December 10. For freight or Passage, apply to Agent, No. 1 Jinkee Road Tel. No. 319.

ICHANG and Shasi.—The Str. Kwielee, Capt. J. Banett, will leave on Monday night. For Freight or Passage apply to C. M. S. N. Co.

For Foreign Ports

SAN FRANCISCO via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA and HONOLULU.—The s.s. Siberia Maru will leave on Saturday, December 16. Passengers booked to all, points in America, and ports in Great Britain and Europe. The tender conveying passengers and mails will leave the Customs jetty at 11 a.m. For freight or passage apply to The American Trading Company.

For Japan

NAGASAKI, KOBE and YOKOHAMA.—The s.s. Siberia Maru will leave on Saturday, December 16. Passengers booked to all, points in America, and ports in Great Britain and Europe. The tender conveying passengers and mails will leave the Customs jetty at 11 a.m. For freight or passage apply to The American Trading Company.

Shipping Items

The I.-C. s.s. Namsang left Hongkong for Shanghai via Kobe on Sunday.

The C.M. s.s. Kwanglee left Hongkong for Shanghai on Monday.

The I.-C. s.s. Wingsang left Hongkong for Swatow and Shanghai on Tuesday.

The I.-C. s.s. Yusang left Hongkong for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangfoo left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.N. s.s. Ngankin left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Fengyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.N. s.s. Chenan left Hongkong for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.S. s.s. Ningshao left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.N. s.s. Shengking left Tientsin for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The I.-C. s.s. Luenho left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The C.M. s.s. Kianghsin left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Yohyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The I.-C. s.s. Koonshing left Tientsin for Shanghai via Chefoo and Weihaiwei on Wednesday.

The I.-C. s.s. Esang left Tientsin for Shanghai via Chefoo and Weihaiwei on Wednesday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Tachang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

he I.-C. s.s. Suiwo left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Wuchang left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Sinkiang left Hongkong for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Kiuking left Hongkong for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.M. s.s. Hsinfung left Tientsin for Chefoo and Shanghai yesterday.

The C.M. s.s. Kwangchi will leave Wenchow for Shanghai today.

The P. & O. s.s. Novara is expected to leave Hongkong for Shanghai on December 11.

The C.M. s.s. Taishun left Swatow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyung will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Tatung will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The N.K.K. s.s. Siangyang Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The H.O. s.s. Changon left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyu will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The N.K.K. s.s. Tafoo Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The Blue Funnel s.s. Eurybates left Hongkong for Shanghai on December 6, and is due here about December 10.

The Blue Funnel s.s. Eurgmedon will leave Hongkong for Shanghai on the 13th instant.

The C.C.O.S. s.s. [illegible] from Shanghai at 9 a.m. on Monday, November 13, arrived at Vancouver, B. C. at 5 p.m. on Monday, the 4th instant.

The M.M. s.s. Athos with the French mail of October 29, left Haiphong for Hongkong and Shanghai on Wednesday evening, December 6, and may be expected to arrived at Woosung on Monday, December 11, and at Shanghai (South Manchuria Railway Co.'s Whangpoo Wharf) on the same day. Due at Hongong today morning.

The N.Y.K. American line s.s. Tamba Maru, with mails left Moji for Shanghai yesterday, and may be expected to arrive at Wayside Wharf tomorrow, about noon. She will be despatched for Hongkong on Monday, December 11.

The C.P.O.S. s.s. Empress of Asia left Kobe for Yokohama at 3 p.m. on Wednesday, the 6th instant. kow for Shanghai yesterday.

Passengers Arrived

Per S.M.R. s.s. Kobe Maru from Dalny:—Mr. Karatzas, Mrs. Scrantow.

Per C.M. s.s. Kiangteen from Ningpo:—Mr. and Mrs. Lieb and Rev. F. Fetch.

Per C.N. s.s. Fengtien from Tientsin:—Mr. and Mrs. Fergusson and child.

Per C.N. s.s. Yingchow from Hongkong:—Messrs. G. C. Bauman and B. Rem.

Passengers Departed

Per I.-C. s.s. Kingsing for Chefoo:—Mr. V. Eckford and Master Eckford.

Launch Services

TODAY

The launch conveying passengers to the N.K.K. s.s. Talee Maru will leave the Canton Road jettyy at 11 p.m.

The tender conveying passengers to the S.M.R. s.s. Kobe Maru will leave the Customs jetty at 8 a.m.

The tender conveying passengers to the R.V.F. s.s. Penza will leave the Customs jetty at 3 p.m.

TOMORROW

The launch conveying passengers to the N.K.K. s.s. Fengyang Maru will leave the Canton Road jetty at 11 p.m.

The launch conveying passengers to the N.K.K. s.s. Kohoku Maru will leave the Canton Road jetty at 9 a.m.

Vessels In Harbor And At Woosung

Arrived	From	Ship's Name	Tons	Flag	Agents	Berth
Nov 14	Hankow	Albenga	2769	Ger.	Carlowitz	YWGW
Nov 29	Hongkong	Alma	1150	Br.	J. M. & Co.	YTPD
Aug 4	Hongkong	Bohemia	4282	Aus.	Aus. Lloyd	B VII
Nov 30	New York	Brinkburn	3633	Br.	D. & Co.	YTPD
Dec 3	Hongkong	Benten maru	3416	Jap.	N. Y. K.	
Dec 6	Chinwangtao	Burrumbeet	1156	Br.	K.M.A.	KMAW
Aug 5	Hongkong	China	3868	Aus.	Aus. Lloyd	B XIII
Nov 28	Singapore	Cassis	3006	Br.	A.P. Co.	NGEB
Dec 3	Dalny	Chelan maru	1007	Jap.	M. B. K.	MBKW
Dec 4	Japan	Cyclops	6579	Br.	B. & S.	SWYK
Aug 8	Hongkong	D. Rickmers	2651	Ger.	H. D. & Co	USA
Nov 26	New York	Empectela	3506	Br.	A. S. P. Co.	APCUW
Dec 27	Nanking	Fortuna	182	Ger.	H. D. & Co	10 p
Nov 21	Tientsin	Hsinchang	1258	Chi.	C.M.S.N Co.	TKDD
Nov 24	Swatow	Hongyang	1207	Br.	B. & S.	WTW
Dec 5		Honglee	612	Chi.	Tuck Wo	NSW
Dec 6	Japan	Hakusi maru	1494	Jap	N. Y. K.	NYKW
Dec 3	Hankow	Irene	526	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.	KLYW
Dec 2	Ja an	Jyho maru	959	Jap.	M. B. K.	
May 23	Hankow	Kinling	2511	Br.	B. & S.	Int.D
Nov 21	Hankow	Kwalee	879	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.	CMFW
Nov 28	Chefoo	Kwangping	1742	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.	KLYW
Nov 18	Hankow	Li hwa	368	Br.	J. M. & Co	ONW
July 16	Hankow	Meidah	1682	Ger.	Melchers	NGLB 1
July 30	Hankow	Meifee	1682	Ger.	Melchers	NGLB 1
Dec 2	Hankow	Meiwa	416	Am.	S. Oil Co.	SOCW
Dec 3	Hankow	Mekoo	406	Am.	S. Oil Co	SOCW
Dec 6		Matsu maru	1211	Jap.	M. B. Co.	LPDLW
Dec 6	Tsingtao	Ono maru	434	Jap.	S.M.R	WW
Dec 5	Hongkong	Peleus	4800	Br.	B. & S.	HW
Dec 6	Vladivostock	Penza	1345	Rus.	R. V. F.	9 p
July 30	Tsingtao	Sikiang	1846	Ger.	H. A. L	9 p
July 30	Hongkong	Silesia	3318	Aus.	Aus. Lloyd	B IX
Dec 2	Yakamatzu	Taisho maru	879	Jap.	Satoh Shokai	
Dec 4	Swatow	Thode Fagelund	4187	Nor.	W. W.	BVI
Dec 5	Hankow	Talee maru	1126	Jap.	N.K.K.	LPDUW
Dec 6	Chefoo	Tungchow	1268	Br.	B. & S.	CNCW
Dec 6	Japan	Tsi lo maru	2196	Jap.	Satoh Shokai	CMEW
Nov 29	E hing	Yunnan	1770	Br.	B. & S.	WTW
Dec 6	Korea	Yucatan	3625	Am.	J. M. & Co.	SHW
Dec 6	Japan	Yechigo maru	1615	Jap.	Satoh Shokai	LPDW

Swedish East Asiatic Co., Ltd.

Regular Steamship service between Sweden and China.

Shanghai Agents:

The Ekman Foreign Agencies, Limited.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

OCEAN SERVICES LIMITED

TRANS PACIFIC LINES

QUICKEST TIME ACROSS THE PACIFIC

To Canada, United States and Europe via Vancouver

In connection with the Canadian Pacific Railway

Shanghai to Vancouver 14 days — Shanghai to Montreal 19 days

Shanghai to Chicago 18 days — Shanghai to New York 19½ days

EMPRESS OF RUSSIA AND EMPRESS OF ASIA

Largest and most luxurious ships on the Pacific.
30,625 tons, quadruple screws, speed 21 knots.

SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI (subject to change) SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

EMPRESS OF RUSSIA	30 Dec. 1917	EMPRESS OF ASIA	14 April 1917
EMPRESS OF JAPAN	13 Jan.	MONTEAGLE	18 April
MONTEAGLE	7 Feb.	EMPRESS OF RUSSIA	12 May
EMPRESS OF ASIA	17 Feb.	EMPRESS OF JAPAN	26 May
EMPRESS OF RUSSIA	17 Mar.	EMPRESS OF ASIA	9 June
EMPRESS OF JAPAN	31 Mar.	MONTEAGLE	27 June

For further information, sailings, etc., please apply to

J. R. SHAW, General Agent, Passenger Dept. — L. E. N. RYAN, Agent.

Corner of Peking and Yuen Ming Yuen Roads,

Tel. No. 1668. Shanghai.

T. K. K.

TOYO KISEN KAISHA.

Imperial Japanese and U.S. Mail Line.

To San Francisco from Shanghai by Semi-Tropical Route, via Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu

PROPOSED SAILINGS FOR SAN FRANCISCO

S.S. "SIBERIA MARU"	18,000 tons.		Dec.	16	„
„ "TENYO MARU"	22,000 „		„	22	„
„ "NIPPON MARU"	11,000 „		Jan.	7	1917
„ "SHINYO MARU"	22,000 „		„	19	„
„ "PERSIA MARU"	9,000 „		„	30	„
„ "KOREA MARU"	18,000 „		Feb.	13	„
„ "SIBERIA MARU"	18,000 „		Mar.	1	„
„ "TENYO MARU"	22,000 „		„	9	„
„ "NIPPON MARU"	11,000 „		„	23	„
„ "SHINYO MARU"	22,000 „		April	5	„
„ "PERSIA MARU"	9,000 „		„	19	„
„ "KOREA MARU"	18,000 „		May	1	„
„ "SIBERIA MARU"	18,000 „		„	15	„
„ "TENYO MARU"	22,000 „		„	26	„
„ "NIPPON MARU"	11,000 „		June	8	„
„ "SHINYO MARU"	22,000 „		„	22	„

All the steamers of this Company are equipped with wireless, electric fans in all staterooms, electric light in all berths, swimming tanks and all conveniences.

THROUGH TICKETS and BILLS OF LADING issued to San Francisco to the principal cities of the United States and Canada by the Overland Railways, to Mexico, Central and South American ports and through tickets to Europe by connecting New York and St. Lawrence lines. Particulars of the various routes to be had on application. All passage money payable in local currency at rate of exchange on day of purchase.

SPECIAL REDUCED RATES by the s.s. "Nippon Maru," and s.s "Persia Maru" affording superior accommodation at reduced rates.

Round-trip tickets at reduced rates. Lay-over privileges allowed at all ports of call. Through rates include rail transportation between Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama, if desired.

For further information, rates of passage money and freight apply to

THE AMERICAN TRADING COMPANY, *Agents.*

Telephone No. 3229. 32, Szechuen Road

PACIFIC MAIL S.S.CO.

U. S. MAIL LINE

Operating the new first-class steamers

"Ecuador," "Venezuela" and "Colombia"

14,000 tons each

TO SAN FRANCISCO

VIA KOBE, YOKOHAMA AND HONOLULU.

THE SUNSHINE BELT

The most comfortable route to America and Europe

Sailing to Manila and Hongkong.	To San Francisco
S.S. "Venezuela" ... —	..... Dec. 14
S.S. "Ecuador" ..... Dec. 16	..... Jan. 2
S.S. "Colombia" ..... —	..... —

These steamers have the most modern equipment, including overhead fans in all staterooms, which contain no upper berths. One and two-berth staterooms only.

The Safety and Comfort of Passengers our first consideration. Tickets interchangeable with the Toyo Kisen Kaisha and the Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, Ltd.

For further information re freight and passage, apply to the Agents:

ANDERSEN, MEYER & CO., LTD.

Tel. 778 Local No. 13 — 5 Yuen-Ming-Yuen Road

CHINA MAIL S.S. CO., LTD.

FREIGHT AND PASSENGERS

S.S. CHINA

(AMERICAN REGISTRY)

WILL SAIL FROM SHANGHAI FOR

SAN FRANCISCO

VIA NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA AND HONOLULU

FEB. 3, APRIL 14, JUNE 26.

AN UNSURPASSED HIGH-CLASS PASSENGER SERVICE; AT INTERMEDIATE RATE REDUCED RATES TO MISSIONARIES

FOR HONGKONG

JAN. 17, APRIL 1, JUNE 12.

G. J. PETROCELLI, FRT. AND PASS. AGENT

NO. 6 KIUKIANG ROAD,

'PHONE 4773. 4TH FLOOR

Business and Official Notices

Consolidated Rubber Estates (1914), Limited.

Incorporated under the Hongkong Ordinances.

The Directors of the above Company have declared a second interim dividend at the rate of 16 per cent (which equals 12 Tael cents per share) on the Capital of the Company, payable on and after the 20th December, 1916, to shareholders on record at that date.

Notice is hereby given that the Share Register and Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 13th December to the 20th December, 1916, both days inclusive.

By order of the Directors,
China Realty Company, Limited.
Secretaries & General Managers
11851

Shanghai Women's Christian Temperance Union.

A Lecture entitled
"Russia, After The War"
will be given on
December 11
in the
Union Church Hall
by
Miss Jessie Ackerman
The chair will be taken at 6 p.m.
by
Judge Lobingier.
Admission Free
11716

'XMAS SALE

SILVERWARE
JEWELLERY
and
Best JADE Stone,
LESS TWENTY PER CENT.,
up to
10th January, 1917,
at
SING FAT & CO.
KIANGSE ROAD
11775

Sam Joe & Co.

General Storekeepers, Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants.

Our goods are always absolutely fresh, being imported weekly from well-known manufacturers.

"American" fresh fruit always in stock

Prices very moderate

Prompt attention given to all orders

Orders from outports and the interior are carefully packed, and all breakages will be promptly made good.

All kinds of Chinese and Japanese ceal sold by us also.

A1114 Broadway
Telephone No. 1095.
SHANGHAI

NOTICE

I have this day established a branch of my business of Share and Estate Broker in Shanghai, with offices at No. 79 Rue du Consulat. Telephone No. 741.

FRANK W. WHITE,
Share and Estate Broker.
Shanghai and Hongkong.
11828

B. ROTH & CO.
Coal Merchants
31 Nanking Rd. Tel. No. 4751

Prices from Dec. 1st, 1916

	per ton
Hongay Coal (Lump)	$24.00
Hankow Coal (Nuts)	23 00
Shansi Coal (Nuts)	24.00
Japan Coal (No. 1)	16 00
Japan Coal (No. 2)	15.00
Japan Coal (No. 3)	14.00
Coke	16.00
Charcoal, 2 Baskets	1.20
Firewood, 50 Bundles	1.00

Orders promptly executed.

HOUSE-COAL

Reduced prices of best quality. Also every other variety of coal

	per ton
Hongay Anthracite Coal	$21.50
Hankow " "	21.00
House Coal No. 1	14.00
House Coal No. 2	13.00
Kitchen Coal No. 1	13.00
Kitchen Coal No. 2	12.00
Fire wood 60 Bundles	1.00
Charcoal 2 Baskets	1.00

COMPRADORE of
Schantung Eisenbahn Gesellschaft
WONG LEI FONG
Tel. No. 1460. 28 The Bund.
11502

M. CHING CHONG
Proprietor, **Yeh Mei-Ching**
Hardware and Metal Merchants
Government Contractors

Materials of every description for Engineering

Naval and Marine Stores always in stock

Our entire stock is from well-known manufacturers, and our prices are moderate

Sole Agent for
The Chee Hsin Cement Co., Ltd.

For further information, please apply to—
66-69 North Soochow Road, Shanghai.
Tel. Gen. office No. 2971
Tel. Pri. office No. 4385

The Shanghai Chemical Laboratory
No. 4 Canton Road

Opponents of Tsao Ju-lin Besiege President's Office

Rush From Parliament on Learning Chance Remained To Cancel Appointment; Deputation Received

Reuter's Pacific Service to The China Press

Peking, December 7.—The appointment of Tsao Ju-lin is the principal topic in political circles. The newspapers state that a number of Members of Parliament had an audience with the President and strongly opposed the appointment. They endeavored to persuade the President not to confirm it.

During a discussion of the provincial system by the constitution conference, yesterday, several Members of Parliament hurriedly entered the House and stated that the Mandate confirming Tsao Ju-lin's appointment had not yet been sealed and, therefore, there was still opportunity to obtain its cancellation. A number of the members immediately departed for the President's Office, destroying the quorum and causing an adjournment of the meeting.

The report that Tsao Ju-lin has declined the appointment has not been confirmed.

It is understood that the Secretary of the Cabinet, Chang Kuo-kan, has given his consent to his nomination for the post of Minister of the Interior vacated by Sun Hung-yi.

A further conference on the Laohsikai affair occurred at the Waichiaopu, yesterday afternoon. Another will take place today. The results have not been revealed.

Conference in Palace

Ostasiatische Lloyd

Peking, December 7.—A conference has been held in the Presidential Palace about Tsao Ju-lin's mission to Tokio. Among those present were Lu Cheng-hsiang, former Minister of Foreign Affairs, Lu Tsung-yu, former Chinese Minister to Tokio, Sun Pao-chi, General Ha Han-chang and Tsao Ju-lin.

Chang Tso-lin's Warning

Mukden, Dec. 6 (Eastern News Agency).—General Chang Tso-lin, the Military Governor of Mukden, has sent the following warning to the representatives of the Citizens' Association in Mukden:—

At present Japan is adopting a friendly policy towards China and is trying to amicably settle the affairs in Chenchiatung. When Baron Hayashi, the Japanese Minister to Peking, came over to Mukden, he showed clearly his sincere desire to effect friendly relations between China and Japan and therefore the people should not commit any rash action while everything is going to be settled amicably, or it will not be beneficial to the State.

National Cultivation Of Unoccupied Lands In The British Isles

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, December 6.—The Board of Agriculture has been empowered to enter upon and cultivate any unoccupied or common land, with a view to the maintenance of the food supply.

Dance Music Today

The following program of Dance Music will be played by the Band in the Town Hall this afternoon, beginning at 5.30 o'clock:

1. Waltz "Princess Caprice"...Fall
2. One Step "Down in Dear Old New Orleans"...Whidden
3. Waltz "On peu d'Amour"...Silesu
4. One Step "The Wedding Glide"...Hirsch
5. Waltz "Dream Kisses".....Rolfe
6. One Step "The Trail of the Lonesome Pine"...Smith

A. DE KRYGER,
Conductor-in-charge.

DUMA PRESIDENT RESIGNS

Rodzianko Complains of Insult From Markoff

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Petrograd, December 6.—M. Rodzianko has resigned his post as President of the Duma, owing to an insult by M. Markoff, one of the leaders of the Extreme Right.

"What is your Moral Worth?"

AMERICAN ATHLETIC CLUB

The Recreation Ground trustees have granted the newly formed Shanghai American Athletic Club a playing ground west of the Recreation Club Ground and the first practice game of English Rugby by two sides, filled in by experienced players from the local British club, is set for tomorrow afternoon, starting at 3 o'clock. Americans interested in the game are asked to turn out and as many as possible will be given a chance to play.

Next Wednesday afternoon at 5.15 the members of the club will meet at No. 19 Nanking Road, when permanent officers will be elected.

THE BUSINESS OF
N. Lazarus & Co.
Opticians.
566 NANKING ROAD
Is now under the management of
Mr. H. TOBIAS
F. S. M. C. (Eng.) who holds the Diploma for optics of the Worshipful Co. of Spectacle Makers, London, the Late Professor Sylvanus Thompson being the chief examiner for the above Diploma.

EXTRACT of MALT
with
COD LIVER OIL
Highly nutritious
Easily digested
Palatable
Price $1.00
per 1 lb. tin.
VOELKEL & SCHROEDER A.G.
37, Nanking Road,
SHANGHAI.

Classified Advertisements

EDUCATIONAL

MANDARIN TEACHER has spare time in morning and evening for more pupils. Moderate terms. Apply to Box 222, THE CHINA PRESS.
11892 D. 9.

APARTMENTS WANTED

WANTED by German lady, an unfurnished flat of two rooms, with kitchen and bathroom. Apply to Box 266, THE CHINA PRESS.
11899

WANTED, temporarily, furnished rooms for married couple, preferably in French Concession. Apply at once to Mr. Ku Shou-yong, 62 Rue Baron Gros.
11918 D 9

PITKIN'S PURE PETROLATUM
SIX KINDS

Camphorated—for chapped hands and lips, cold or fever sores, itching piles, etc.

Capsicum—the best counter-irritant known for all aches and pains:—neuralgia, headache, gout, rheumatism, lumbago, toothache, etc. Better than mustard plaster. It will not blister the skin.

Carbolated—ideal application to prevent infection, and cure and heal all infected cuts and sores, bruises, skin eruptions, etc.

Mentholated—a cooling and soothing Petrolatum for sore throat, cold in the head, cold in the chest, nervous headache, catarrh, etc

Perfumed a daintily perfumed ointment for dry, rough or cracked skin.

Plain—neither perfumed nor medicated; an efficient ointment.

30 cents per tube at Pitkin's Show Room: No 73 Range Road
THE EASTERN SYNDICATE
Representatives in China

OFFICES, ETC., TO LET

TO LET, one or two ground-floor office rooms, Number 5 Jinkee Road. Apply to S. Goldstein (on premises).
11923 D 10

SITUATIONS WANTED

GERMAN lady desires position as lady's companion or governess. Please apply to Box 233, THE CHINA PRESS.
11922 D 10

YOUNG gentleman seeks position as office assistant; has had two years' office experience. Can also speak three Chinese dialects. Apply to Box 236, THE CHINA PRESS.
11929 D 9

A CHINESE GENTLEMAN, who has been the president of a well-known college for sevealr years, wishes to give up teaching and to accept position as business correspondent, translator, secretary and interpreter, from January, 1917. Very influential, and best of references. Please apply to Box No. 223, THE CHINA PRESS.
11894 D 10

LEAVING for America about end of January, either direct or via Europe, experienced traveller and nurse. Willing to look after children or invalid in return for passage. Reply to Box 217, THE CHINA PRESS.
11876 D 10

OFFICES TO LET

From 1st October, a flat of eight large rooms or part thereof, in Nanking Road, close to the Bund Rent moderate. For further particulars apply to Box No. 370, care of office of this paper.

CHINESE GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS
TIENTSIN-PUKOW LINE
TIME TABLE

(Published by order of the Administration)

0^{00} = Midnight, 13^{30} = 1.30 p.m.

September 1st, 1916, and until further notice

Mail 101 B. s.	Mail 3. B. s.	Luxe 1. B. S.	Miles	Peking-Mukden Line	Luxe 2. B. S.	Mail 4. B.	Mail 102. B. s.
2035	835	300	0	dep. Peking arr.	2280	1950	1020
2345	1112	685	. .	arr. Tientsin-Central dep.	1985	1700	720
2350	1117	640	84	dep. Tientsin-Central arr.	1930	1658	710
000	1125	680	. .	arr. Tientsin-East dep.	1920	1645	700
1910	520	2310	524	arr. Mukden dep.	280	. .	1040

Local 5.	Mail 3. B. s.			Tientsin-Pukow Line		Mail 4. B. s.	Local 6.
715	1130	—	0	dep. Tientsin-East arr.	—	1705	1950
725	1140	—	2.71	arr. Tientsin-Central dep.	—	1625	1941
745	1200	—		dep. Tientsin-Central arr.	—	1631	1911
1133	1500	—	78	dep. Tsangchow dep.	—	1332	1508
1457	1746	—	148	dep. Techow dep.	—	1048	1158
1801	2021	—	—	arr. Tsinanfu dep.	—	806	845
7.	:		220	:		:	8.
800	2031	—	—	dep. Tsinanfu arr.	—	756	1812
1039	2231	—	266	dep. Taianfu dep.	—	601	1542
1300	038	—		arr. Yenchowfu dep.	—	349	1311
1315	048	—	318	dep. Yenchowfu arr.	—	339	1256
1558	316	—	377	dep. Lincheng dep.	—	120	1032
1816	450	—	—	arr. Hsuchowfu dep.	—	2336	810
9.	:	—	420	:	—	:	10.
630	457	—	—	dep. Hsuchowfu arr.	—	2329	2007
1156	833	—		arr. Pengpu dep.	—	1953	1442
1206	840	—	523	dep. Pengpu arr.	—	1946	1432
1657	1152	—	600	dep. Chuchow dep.	—	1648	923
1848	1300	—	631	arr. Pukow dep.	—	1530	732

Express 16. B. S.	Express 10. B.			Shanghai-Nanking Line		Express 1. B.	Express 15. B. S.
. .	1420	. .	0	dep. Nanking-Ferry arr.	. .	1410	. .
2300	1420	. .	. .	dep. Nanking arr.	. .	1415	650
700	2120	. .	193	arr. Shanghai-North dep.	. .	755	2300

Yenchowfu-Tsiningchow Branch Line					Lincheng-Tsochuang Branch Line				
930	1350	2130	d. Yenchowfu a.	630	1230	2000	530	1110	1800	d. Lincheng a.	810	1410	2100
1032	1455	2232	a. Tsiningchow d.	528	1128	1858	638	1219	1909	a. Tsochuang d.	708	1302	1958

The station for the foreign concessions in Tientsin is "TIENTSIN-EAST"

Conventional Signs.

300 — train runs on Thursday only. 230 — train runs on Fridays only.

| 300 — on trains marked thus passengers must hold additional place tickets.

B — train has buffet car with regular meal service

S — train has sleep. accomm. 1st & 2nd class. s — train has only 1st class sleep. accomm.

Application for sleeping accommodation at $5.00 per berth should, at the earliest possible moment, be made to the Traffic Manager at Tientsin, or to the Traffic-Inspectors at Tientsin, Tsinanfu, Hsuchowfu or Pukow.

By Order.
THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.
Tientsin, September, 1916.

SHANGHAI-NANKING RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE.

Shanghai North To Nanking—Up (Main Line) **Nanking To Shanghai North—Down**

STATIONS.	1 Express R	3 Local	5 Slow	7 Coolie Goods	9 Fast R	11 Local	13 M & S Local	15 Night Express R.S.	17 M & S Local
SHANGHAI NORTH ..dep.	7.55		8.20	9.00	12.50	15.20	3.40	22.00	17.15
Nansiang..			8.56	9.43	13.21	15.55	3.15	—	17.50
Kunshan			9.55	11.04	14.07	16.51		—	
SOOCHOW arr.	9.34		10.52	12.03	14.50	17.53		1.01	
dep.	9.41		11.08	12.13	14.57	18.13		1.06	
WUSIH .. arr.	10.24		12.11	13.23	15.45	19.23		2.02	
dep.	10.31		12.21	13.43	15.53	19.41		2.10	
CHANGCHOW arr.	11.13		13.30	14.51	16.38	20.45		3.09	
dep.	11.22	6.50	13.42	15.01	16.47			3.18	
YANYANG .. arr.	12.07	8.00	14.57	16.10	17.41			—	
dep.	12.09	8.03	14.59	16.14	17.43			—	
CHINKIANG arr.	12.43	8.33	15.49	17.02	18.22			4.56	
dep.	12.52	8.39	15.57	17.18	18.32			5.06	
Nanking Ferry ..arr.	*14.10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
NANKING	14.15	10.55	17.50	19.25	20.05			6.50	..

STATIONS.	2 Local	4 Slow	6 Coolie Goods	8 Fast R	10 Express R	12 Local	14 M & S Local	16 Night Express R.S.	18 M & S Local
NANKING .. ..dep.		1.00	7.20	11.15	*14.20	15.55		22.00	
Nanking Ferry ..dep.		—	—	—	*14.20	—		—	
CHINKIANG.. arr.		3.57	9.02	13.09	16.51	18.05		0.46	
dep.		4.06	9.55	13.20	16.01	18.25		1.00	
TANYANG .. arr.		5.55	10.42	15.32	16.36	19.16		—	
dep.		6.07	10.52	15.40	16.46	19.19		—	
CHANGCHOW arr.		11.04	13.11	14.42	17.26	20.20		2.52	
dep.	6.20	11.14	13.20	14.52	17.30			3.06	
WUSIH .. arr.	7.34	12.34	14.30	16.03	18.24			4.01	
dep.	7.51	12.48	15.44	16.10	18.31			4.11	
SOOCHOW .. arr.	8.40	13.35	14.55	16.47	19.21			5.04	
dep.	8.48	13.50	15.00	16.55	19.30			5.12	
Kunshan	9.54	14.57	16.14	17.41	—			—	
Nansiang..	10.32	15.37	17.19	18.16	—		9.40	6.33	18.00
SHANGHAI NORTH..arr.	11.35	16.30	17.55	18.55	21.30		10.15	7.00	18.35

R. Restaurant Cars S. Sleeping Cars

*Connects at Tientsin with the Peking-Mukden and through Siberian Service.

Woosung Forts to Shanghai North—Up (Branch Line) **Shanghai North to Woosung Forts—Down**

	31	33	35	37	39	41	43	45	47
WOOSUNG FORTS .....dep.	7.00	8.20	10.45	13.10	14.40	16.10	18.10	19.40	21.30
KIANGWAN	7.27	8.47	11.12	13.37	15.07	16.37	18.37	20.07	21.57
SHANGHAI NORTH ..... arr.	7.35	8.55	11.20	13.45	15.15	16.45	18.45	20.15	22.05

	32	34	36	38	40	42	44	46	48
SHANGHAI NORTH ....dep.	6.20	7.40	10.05	12.15	14.00	15.30	17.25	19.00	20.30
KIANGWAN	6.51	7.51	10.16	12.24	14.11	15.41	17.36	19.12	20.41
WOOSUNG FORTS .....arr.	6.55	8.15	10.40	12.50	14.35	16.05	18.00	19.35	21.05

SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW-NINGPO RAILWAY

ABRIDGED TIME TABLE IN FORCE FROM THE 1st NOVEMBER, 1915.

MAIN LINE.

SHANGHAI TO ZAH KOU. "DOWN" ZAH KOU TO SHANGHAI. "UP"

STATIONS	TIMES 2 Local Mixed a.m.	4 Fast a.m.	6 Slow a.m.	8 Coolie Goods a.m.	10 Ex-Press p.m.	12 Local Mixed p.m.	STATIONS	TIMES 1 Local Mixed a.m.	3 Fast a.m.	5 Slow a.m.	7 Coolie Goods a.m.	9 Ex-press p.m.	11 Local Mixed p.m.
Shanghai South ..... dep.		8.00	8.55	10.15	3.30	4.20	Zah Kou ..... dep.		7.20	8.20	9.25	2.20	3.50
Sung Kiang ..... arr.		8.52	10.01	11.24	4.13	5.46	Hangchow ..... arr.		7.44	8.45	9.58	2.35	4.16
Sung Kiang ..... dep.		8.55	10.06	11.40	4.15	5.56	Hangchow ..... dep.		7.55	8.55	10.13	2.50	4.25
Ka Shai		9.49	11.07	1.02	5.00	7.10	Chang Ao		8.52	10.11	12.15	3.44	5.48
Ka Shing ..... arr.		10.11	11.35	1.33	5.19	7.40	Yeh Zah ..... arr.		9.25	10.54	1.15	4.06	6.37
Ka Shing ..... dep.	7.30	10.19	11.45	1.46	5.29		Yeh Zah ..... dep.		9.32	11.01	1.50	4.08	6.47
Yeh Zah ..... arr.	8.24	10.56	12.27	2.37	5.56		Ka Shing ..... arr.		10 09	11.43	2.45	4.35	7.23
Yeh Zah ..... dep.	8.40	10.58	12.31	2.52	5.58		Ka Shing ..... dep.	7 40	10.12	11.55	3.01	4.41	
Chang Ao	9.38	11.33	1.17	3.55	6.25		Ka Shai	8.18	10.36	12.26	3.37	5.01	
Hangchow ..... arr.	11.18	12.28	2.30	5.32	7.00		Sung Kiang ..... arr.	9.33	11.29	1.26	4.48	5.44	
Hangchow ..... dep.	11.30	12.38	2.42	5.47	7.24		Sung Kiang ..... dep.	10.02	11.32	1.31	4.58	5.47	
Zah Kou ..... arr.	11.55	12.57	3.05	6.20	7.40		Shanghai South ... arr.	11.22	12.25	2.58	6.05	6.30	

KIANGSHOO BRANCH LINE

KON ZEN CHIAO TO ZAH KOU ZAH KOU TO KON ZEN CHIAO

STATIONS	14 a.m.	16 a.m.	18 a.m.	20 p.m.	22 p.m.	24 p.m.	STATIONS	13 a.m.	15 a.m.	17 p.m.	19 p.m.	21 p.m.	23 p.m.
Kon Zen Chiao ... dep	7.40	10.10	11.50	1.50	3.15	6.35	Zah Kou ..... dep.	9.10				5.10	
Kon Shang Hun .. arr	7.53	10.23	12.03	2.03	3.28	6.48	Hangchow ..... arr.	9.19				5.23	
Kon Shang Hun .. dep.	8.04	10.30	12.05	2.05	3.30	6.50	Hangchow ..... dep.	9.24	10.55	12.35	2.40	5.42	7.17
Hangchow ..... arr	8.13	10.40	12.15	2.15	3.40	7.00	Kon Shang Hun .. arr.	9.34	11.05	12.43	2.48	5.52	7.27
Hangchow ..... dep	8.21				3.50		Kon Shang Hun .. dep.	9 37	11.12	12.47	2.50	5.56	7.29
Zah Kou ..... arr.	8.46				4.15		Kon Zen Chiao ... arr.	9.50	11.25	1.00	3.03	6.09	7.41

Light Type A M. Dark Type P.M.

Auctions

Business and Official Notices

Classified Advertisements

2 cents a Word (Minimum Charge 40 cents)

All Advertisements must be Prepaid

Replies must be called for

R. W. Heidorn & Co.

have been favored with instructions from
THE CONCERNED
to sell within the private residence
No. 41 Weihaiwei Road
on
Wednesday, the 13th of Dec.
commencing at 10 a.m. and 2.30 p.m., the entire
Household Furniture, Effects and Sundries
comprising:—
Hall, Drawing Room, Dining Room, Morning Room 3 bedrooms, pantry kitchen, etc.
At 12 o'clock sharp will be sold
2 Victorias.
1 Brougham with rubber tyres.
On view Monday and Tuesday December 11th and 12th.
Catalogues on the premises.

ASTOR HOUSE HOTEL
GRAND CONCERT
by
Signor Jean Cokkinis
(Tenor from the Grand Opera of Milan)
and
MISS KATHARINE GORSKY
Soprano from the Russian Opera of Moscow, Kindly assisted by
Prof. Papini (Violinist)
Pedro Villaverde (Pianist)
Friday, December 15th
at 9.15 p.m.
Tickets $3.00
Booking at Moutrie's and Astor House.
11927

IN THE UNITED STATES COURT FOR CHINA

IN RE ESTATE OF PERCIVAL JULIUS WERLICH, deceased.

Cause No. 553
Special Proceeding No. 204 (Administration)
NOTICE TO CREDITORS

Pursuant to an Order of said Court, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against the estate of PERCIVAL JULIUS WERLICH, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers, to JOHN HAYS, Ancillary Administrator of his estate, on or before June 8th, 1917; and all persons owing debts to said deceased are hereby notified to make payment of the same in due course to said Administrator.

JOHN HAYS,
Ancillary Administrator,
c/o Ellis and Hays,
Solicitors and Advocates,
3F Peking Road,
Shanghai, China.
Shanghai, December 5, 1916.
11928

BILL SMITH

A LITTLE "HIRANO" MINERAL WATER IN YOUR HOME WILL ADD TO THE ENJOYMENT OF YOUR GUESTS

Ask Bill

Garner, Quelch & Co.
Wine Merchants

'Phone West 1234
Studebaker
CLOSED CARS
for hire
$5.00 per hour $5.00
H. S. HONIGSBERG & CO.
40 Bubbling Well Road.
11889

18-19 Chaoufoong Road,
Montford Place, Private Hotel,
Double & single rooms, moderate rates, good table.
'Phone 1797.
11454

INTERNATIONAL SAVINGS SOCIETY
A French Public Savings Company
Head Office:
1 bis, AVENUE EDOUARD VII (Yangkingpang), Shanghai

A FEW OF THE SPECIAL FEATURES.

1.—Monthly drawings which give the bondholders an opportunity to draw amounts varying from $12 to $2,000.

2.—Every month 10 per cent of the bonds are drawn and every bond participates in these drawings.

The Society has now issued over 2,000 Premium Bonds of Two Thousand Dollars denomination.

Therefore on December 15, 1916 and onwards a full Bond, i.e., $2,000, will be redeemed.

AUDIT.

3.—A Continuous Daily Audit of the accounts of the Society is conducted by Mr. S. A. Seth, Chartered Secretary and Public Accountant.

Statements and Accounts are open to inspection at any time on application to the Auditor.

HARDWARE METALS AND SUNDRIES
Zung Lee & Sons
(Est. 1895, W. Z. Zee & Sons)
SHANGHAI

Winter Overcoats
New American Styles and American Patterns
Business and Evening Clothes
THOM SHING
G19 Tiendong Road, Hongkew

KNAPP & BAXTER. INC.
IMPORTERS OF
AMERICAN PRODUCTS
6 Kiukiang Road, Shanghai, China
Phone: No. 1860 Chinese Dept. No. 1625

OVERSEAS TRADING CO. OF CALIFORNIA
IMPORTERS OF AMERICAN PRODUCTS
Representing
WELLMAN, PECK & COMPANY
(Wholesale Grocers and Coffee Dealers)
San Francisco, California
Telephone No. 930. Address: 8a Peking Road.

Do you wish to buy beautiful things for
'XMAS PRESENTS?
The Embroidery & Lace Depot
are prepared to allow
20 per cent discount
on every hand-made article, from the 4th to 24th December, 1916.
P574 Nanking Road.
11884

EXHIBITION OF PICTURES
Arranged by Mrs. R. N. MACLEOD
IN AID OF
The French Red Cross
AT
The French Municipal Hall
ON
Monday and Tuesday, December 11 and 12
FROM 12 TO 8 P.M.
Sending in days, December 7 and 8
Admission $1. Tea $1.
11901

1284, BROADWAY TELEPHONE No. 1025
YUT SAE CHANG & Co.
Iron Merchants & General Hardware Dealers
SHANGHAI.
JUST ARRIVED
Portable Outboard-Motor, Fireless Cooking Stove and Bommer Brothers Spring Hinges.

NOTICE

THE family of the late Mr. Wong Chuen-shan, Director and Chief Manager of the China Merchants' S. N. Co., and Vice-Chairman of Han Yeh Ping Iron Works, who died on the 1st of November last, respectfully beg to announce that the funeral ceremony will be held on Tuesday, the 12th inst., at No. 12 Sinza Road, to which all friends are cordially invited.
11931

The Serawang Rubber Estates Company, Limited.

The Directors of the above named Company have declared a Second Interim Dividend of 8% equal to FORTY Tael Cents per share—payable on and after the 21st December, 1916, to shareholders on record on that date.

Notice is hereby given that the Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 15th to 21st December, 1916, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors,
HUGO REISS & CO.
Secretaries & General Managers,
Shanghai, 7th December, 1916.
11915

The Shanghai Klebang Rubber Estate, Limited
(Incorporated 1910)

NOTICE is hereby given that a Meeting of the Shareholders of the above named Company will be held at 34, Canton Road, Shanghai, on the 15th day of December 1916, at 4.30 o'clock in the afternoon, in accordance with the provisions of section 187 of the Hongkong Companies Ordinance, 1911, when the Liquidator will lay before the Meeting an account of his acts and dealings and of the conduct of the winding up during the past year.

C. J. L. STEWART,
Liquidator.
Shanghai, the 7th day of December, 1916.
11910

NOTICE

Mr. Apostolo Philippe is no longer connected with The Oriental Cigarette & Tobacco Co., which will in future be under the sole control and management of the undersigned

The Oriental Cigarette & Tobacco Co.,
D. Beretta.
11911

WARNING
To Architects, Building Contractors And The Public Generally

It has come to our knowledge that inferior Roofing Tiles, similar to our patterns "A" (diamond shape) and "W" (French shape) are being made locally. Roofs have been covered with these imitations where our Tiles have been specified in the building contracts.

It is advisable for the protection of all intending purchasers of our Tiles to immediately advise us when same are specified.

By Order Of The Board,
The A. Butler Cement Tile Works, Limited (Middleton & Co. Shanghai), Ltd.,
W. B. O. MIDDLETON.
Agents & General Managers.
Shanghai 7th December, 1916.
11916

The Bukit Toh Alang Rubber Estates, Ltd.

The Directors have declared an interim dividend of 5%—equal to twenty-five Tael cents per share—on the Capital of the Company, payable on and after the 15th December, 1916, to shareholders on record on 15th instant.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from 11th to the 15th December, 1916, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
HUGO REISS & CO.
Secretaries & General Managers.
Shanghai, 5th December, 1916.
11890

Business and Official Notices are Continued on Page 11

APARTMENTS

WINDSOR HOUSE
14-15 Quinsan Gardens
Front room, with bathroom and verandah attached, to let.
Tel. 3482
9408

---

8 & 11 Quinsan Gardens
A very comfortable attic with all home comforts, 'Phone 1946.
10070

Young Allen Terrace No. 1
Corner Chapoo & Quinsan Roads.
Large and small, nicely-furnished rooms, bathrooms attached.
Board optional.
19921

TO LET

CENTRAL. Large and small rooms: bathrooms attached, Quiet comfort. Excellent cooking, very moderate terms. Apply to Box 368, THE CHINA PRESS.
11282

TO LET, in a highly-modern Realty house, a large, light and elegantly-furnished bed-sitting-room, with tiled bathroom. Suitable for two bachelors or a married couple, with full board. Apply to Box 232, THE CHINA PRESS.
11920

LARGE front room, well-furnished, verandah and bathroom attached. Full board, excellent table, suitable for married couple or friends; also small bedroom. 6 Quinsan Gardens.
11924 D 9

MELBOURNE HOUSE, to let, furnished front room with small room, bathroom, balcony, with board. Suitable married couples or bachelors. Terms moderate. 12a Quinsan Gardens, Shanghai.
11882 D 8

TO LET, well-furnished rooms, with bathrooms attached, with or without board. Reasonable terms. Apply to 78, Bubbling Well Road.
11824 D 14

TO LET, with board, furnished front room, verandah and bathroom attached. Suitable for two. Terms moderate. Centrally situated. 3 Minghong Road. Phone 2650.
11940

MISCELLANEOUS

ZELLDO, Clairvoyant, is now located at the Palace Hotel Annexe, Room No. 35.
11875 D. 9

HOUSES TO LET

TO LET, No. 448 Avenue Joffre, 9-roomed house, situated North-West corner of Avenue Joffre and Route des Soeurs. Apply to China Realty Co., Ltd.
11839 T. F.

DANCING

SELECT evening class for Americans is being formed. To be held once a week from 9 to 11 p.m. Apply to Box 221, THE CHINA PRESS.
11888 D 10

SITUATION VACANT

ATTRACTIVE prospects offered bright young woman, energetic personality, assistant Madame Linoff. Apply personally, 8 to 10 forenoon, Maison de Modes, Broadway.

LADY stenographer, with previous experience, required at once by British firm. Must be capable, accurate, and fast speed. Good salary to suitable applicant. Apply to Box 230, THE CHINA PRESS.
11913 D 8

WANTED, an efficient stenographer. Apply to Box 227, THE CHINA PRESS.
11903 D. 8.

WANTED, lady-assistant for office of non-allied firm. Apply to Box 207, THE CHINA PRESS.
11847 D 10

TRANSLATIONS

TRANSLATOR, who has considerable experience in legal, consulate, syndicate, journalistic, commercial and official translation work, undertakes translation in English and Chinese of agreements, petitions, letters, legal documents, advertisements, and commercial documents, etc. Please apply to Chang Nieh-yun, c/o 1-a Peking Road, or P.D., 159 Haining Road, opposite West End Lane.

Exchange and Mart

FOR SALE. First class passage for lady to Manila or Hongkong. Choice of any Steamship Co. Very reasonable. Box 237, THE CHINA PRESS.

FOR SALE cheap, 25' teak-wood sailing yacht, complete with all gear and as new throughout. Apply to Box 231, THE CHINA PRESS.
11919 D 8

FOR SALE, almost brand-new, 16-bore, double-barrel shot-gun, English make, for Tls. 45. Apply to Box 235, THE CHINA PRESS.
11926 D 9

FOR SALE, A 7-seater Studebaker motor-car (1916 model), in perfect condition. Equipment complete. Price Tls. 1850. Apply to No. 12 Tsong Chow Road.
11896 D8

FOR SALE, motor-cycle, twin cylinder, with side-car and full equipment, good condition, Taels 400 or offer. Apply to Box 206, THE CHINA PRESS.
11844 D 8

FOR SALE, one second-hand ricsha, pneumatic tyres, brand-new, Price reasonable. Apply to No. 23 Sinza Road.
11898 D. 8

BARGAIN: Gent's riding saddle and bridle complete, used twice. Cost $65, will sell for $30. Apply to Box No. 224, THE CHINA PRESS.
11895 D. 8.

FOR SALE, a first-class ticket to Hongkong. Also a dresser and a Davenport couch. Apply to Box 225, THE CHINA PRESS.
11896 D. 8.

FOR SALE, one 10-bore, hammer, double-barrel sporting-gun, in good condition, by W. Richards, $60. Apply to Box 229, THE CHINA PRESS.
11905 D. 7

WANTED, a small but choice collection of Gramaphone Records, Victor for preference. Apply to Box 148, THE CHINA PRESS.
T F.

Classified Advertisements are Continued on Page 11

Shanghai-Nanking Railway.

On and from Tuesday, December 12th, the following alterations will be made in the Train Service on the Woosung Branch Line:

Train No.	32	down	will leave	Shanghai	North	at	6.15	instead of	6.20	hours.
,, ,,	34	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	7.35	,,	,,	7.40	,,
,, ,,	36	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	20.00	,,	,,	19.00	,,
,, ,,	31	up	,,	,,	Woosung Forts	,,		6.55	,,	,,	7.00	,,
,, ,,	33	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	8.15	,,	,,	8.20	,,
,, ,,	41	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	16.20	,,	,,	16.10	,,
,, ,,	45	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	20.45	,,	,,	19.40	,,

By Order,
11897 THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.

OUTPORT RESIDENTS

are requested to note that we accept and execute orders from all ports in China, Japan and Korea, and that we pay same attention to small orders as to large orders.

PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION

Tabaqueria Filipina
34 Nanking Road
11900